

CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY, MARCH 1980:

TAPE

TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

Washington, D.C.

1981

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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Name of File: Current Population Survey, March 1980

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Bureau of the Census
Washington, D.C. 20233

Current Population Survey, March 1980

User Note 1

Subject: Owner/Renter Occupancy Rates

The owner/renter occupancy rates from the March CPS have diverged from rates from other sources in recent years. This problem was traced back to when the March supplement questions were removed as part of the basic CPS questionnaire and were placed on a separate questionnaire in 1979. The household tenure item was placed on the supplement questionnaire instead of the basic CPS-1. Allocation of tenure consisted of assigning "owned" when this item was blank. When the CPS-1 contained the tenure item the incidence of blanks in tenure was very low (under 100), thus assigning "owned" was justified. When this item went to a separate document, CPS-1 was used as the control questionnaire. This resulted in a large increase in the number of blanks since whenever the supplement interview was not obtained, all supplement items were allocated or assigned, including tenure. Thus, tenure should have been allocated in a more systematic fashion.

Tenure data were regenerated for the March 1982 file with missing tenure data being allocated from the closeout household. The table below shows the impact of this correction on the original 1982 data:

March 1982
(in thousands)

	<u>ADF (old)</u>	<u>ADF (new)</u>	<u>% Difference</u>
Total Households	85,527	83,527	-
Owner Occupied	56,317	54,267	-3.6%
Percent	67.4	64.8	-3.9%
Renter Occupied	27,317	29,460	+8.3%
Percent	32.6	35.2	+8.0%

At this point, there are no plans to correct this field for 1979-1981; however, it is fairly safe to assume that the percentage differences prevailed for those years also. A corrected March 1982 file is available upon request. The March 1983 file reflects the corrected tenure data.



**Current Population Survey(CPS)
March 1980**

User Note No. 2

Subject: Owner/Renter Occupancy Rates

The owner/renter occupancy rates from the March CPS have diverged from rates from other sources in recent years. This problem was traced back to when the March supplement questions were removed as part of the basic CPS questionnaire and were placed on a separate questionnaire in 1979. The household tenure item was placed on the supplement questionnaire instead of the basic CPS-1. Allocation of tenure consisted of assigning "owned" when this item was blank. When the CPS-1 contained the tenure item the incidence of blanks in tenure was very low (under 100), thus assigning "owned" was justified. When this item went to a separate document, CPS-1 was used as the control questionnaire. This resulted in a large increase in the number of blanks since whenever the supplement interview was not obtained, all supplement items were allocated or assigned, including tenure. Thus, tenure should have been allocated in a more systematic fashion.

Tenure data were regenerated for the March 1982 file with missing tenure data being allocated from the closest household. The table below shows the impact of this correction on the original 1982 data:

March 1982

(in thousands)

	<u>ADF (old)</u>	<u>ADF (new)</u>	<u>% Difference</u>
Total Households	83,527	83,527	-
Owner Occupied	56,317	54,167	-3.8%
Percent	67.4	64.8	-3.9%
Renter Occupied	27,210	29,360	+7.9%
Percent	32.6	35.2	+8.0%

At this point, there are no plans to correct this field for 1979-1981; however, it is fairly safe to assume that the percentage differences prevailed for those years also. A corrected March 1982 file is available upon request. The March 1983 file reflects the corrected tenure data.

July 1989

ABSTRACT

Current Population Survey, March 1980 [machine-readable data file] / conducted by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Labor Statistics. . Revised edition. --Washington: Bureau of the Census [producer and distributor], 1980.

TYPE OF FILE: Microdata, unit of observation is individuals, families, and households.

UNIVERSE DESCRIPTION:

The universe is the civilian noninstitutional population of the U.S. living in housing units and male members of the Armed Forces living in civilian housing units on a military base or in a household not on a military base. A probability sample is used in selecting housing units.

SUBJECT-MATTER DESCRIPTION:

This file, also known as the Annual Demographic File, provides comprehensive data on the employment status, occupation, and industry of persons 14 years and older. Characteristics such as age, sex, race, household relationship, educational background, and Spanish origin are shown for each person in the household enumerated.

Additional data for persons 15 years old and older are available concerning weeks worked and hours per week worked, reason not working full time, total income and income components, and residence on March 1, 1975.

This file also contains data covering seven noncash income sources: food stamps, school lunch program, employer-provided group health insurance plans, employer-provided pension plan, Medicaid, Medicare, and CHAMPUS or military health care.

GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE:

State of residence is uniquely identified as well as census geographic division and region. Forty-four SMSA's are also uniquely identified. Within confidentiality restrictions, data are provided for SMSA/nonSMSA, central city/noncentral city, farm/nonfarm, and SMSA size.

TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION:

FILE STRUCTURE: Hierarchical.

FILE SIZE: 332,131 logical records; record size is 360 characters.

FILE SORT SEQUENCE: State code, then SMSA rank code,

REFERENCE MATERIALS:

"Current Population Survey, March 1980: Tape Technical Documentation" (this document). This is a guide to the machine-readable data file. It has general information about the data, specific content information, and a data dictionary. When ordering separately, it is available for \$5 from Data User Services Division, Customer Services (Tapes), Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

RELATED PRINTED REPORTS:

Data from the March Current Population Survey are published most frequently in the Current Population Reports P-20 and P-60 series. Reports currently available are listed below. Forthcoming reports will be cited in the Bureau of the Census catalog.

Current Population Reports. "Money Income and Poverty Status of Families and Persons in the United States: 1979." (Advanced Report). GPO Catalog No. C3.186:P-60/125. \$2.25.

Current Population Reports. "Characteristics of Households and Persons Receiving Noncash Benefits: 1979." GPO Catalog No. C3.186:P-23/110. \$2.00.

Current Population Reports. "Households and Families by Type: March 1980." (Advanced Report). GPO Catalog No. C3.186:P-20/357. \$1.00.

RELATED MACHINE-READABLE DATA FILES:

A public use edition of the Current Population Survey, March file is available for each year since 1968.

FILE AVAILABILITY:

The file may be ordered from Data User Services Division using the order form that follows. When ordering, please refer to file order number Cu CPS 80 003. This file is available with the technical options listed below at a cost of \$140 per reel.

	<u>Reels</u>	<u>Cost</u>
9 channel, 1600 bpi (EBCDIC or ASCII)	3	\$420
9 channel, 6250 bpi (EBCDIC)	1	\$140

OVERVIEW

Current Population Survey, March 1980

Introduction

The Current Population Survey (CPS) is the source of the official Government statistics on employment and unemployment. The CPS has been conducted monthly for over 35 years. Currently, we interview about 68,000 households monthly, scientifically selected on the basis of area of residence to represent the Nation as a whole, individual States, and other specified areas. Each household is interviewed once a month for four consecutive months one year, and again for the corresponding time period a year later. This technique enables us to obtain month-to-month and year-to-year comparisons at a reasonable cost while minimizing the inconvenience to any one household.

Although the main purpose of the survey is to collect information on the employment situation, a very important secondary purpose is to collect information on the demographic status of the population, information such as age, sex, race, marital status, educational attainment, and family structure. From time to time additional questions are included on such important subjects as health, education, income, and previous work experience. The statistics resulting from these questions serve to update similar information collected once every 10 years through the decennial census, and are used by Government policymakers and legislators as important indicators of our Nation's economic situation and for planning and evaluating many Government programs.

The CPS provides current estimates of the economic status and activities of the population of the United States. Because it is not possible to develop one or two overall figures (such as the number of unemployed) that would adequately describe the whole complex of labor market phenomena, the CPS is designed to provide a large amount of detailed and supplementary data. Such data are made available to meet a wide variety of needs on the part of users of labor market information.

Thus, the CPS is the only source of monthly estimates of total employment (both farm and nonfarm); nonfarm self-employed persons, domestics, and unpaid helpers in nonfarm family enterprises; wage and salaried employees; and, finally, estimates of total unemployment.

It provides the only available distributions of workers by the number of hours worked (as distinguished from aggregate or average hours for an industry), permitting separate analyses of part-time workers, workers on overtime, etc. The survey is also the only comprehensive current source of information on the occupation of workers and the industries in which they work. Information is available from the survey not only for persons currently in the labor force but also for those who are outside the labor force. The characteristics of such persons - whether married women with or without young children, disabled persons,

students, older retired workers, etc., can be determined. Information on their current desire for work, their past work experience, and their intentions as to job seeking are also available.

The Annual Demographic File contains data collected from the March CPS supplement, the most comprehensive supplemental inquiry. In addition to the regular monthly demographic and labor force data described above, this file contains detailed family structure, marital status, education, income, work experience, and migration data for persons.

CPS Sample

The CPS sample is located in 644 sample areas comprising more than 1,000 counties and independent cities with coverage in every State and in the District of Columbia.

In all, some 84,000 housing units or other living quarters are assigned for interview each month; about 68,000 of them containing approximately 147,000 persons 14 years old and over are interviewed. Because of recent sample expansions, however, data are only tabulated for approximately 63,000 households containing 135,000 persons 14+. The remainder of the assigned housing units are found to be vacant, converted to nonresidential use, contain persons with residence elsewhere, or are not interviewed because the residents are not found at home after repeated calls, are temporarily absent, or are unavailable for other reasons.

The CPS sample is based on the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States. In March of each year supplemental data are obtained for Armed Forces members residing with their families in regular housing units. The Armed Forces members are not asked the monthly labor force questions. Another unique feature of the March supplement is the addition of a sample of Spanish households to increase the reliability of data on Spanish persons and households. All households identified in November of the previous year as housing at least one person of Spanish origin are reinterviewed in March. This results in the addition of about 2,500 households in the March CPS. The inclusion of the additional sample of Spanish households began in 1976. A more precise explanation regarding the CPS sample design is provided in Technical Paper 40 entitled The Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology.

For a more detailed discussion about the basic labor force data gathered on a monthly basis in the CPS survey--see Bureau of Labor Statistics Report No. 463 and Current Population Reports P-23, No. 62, issued jointly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and the Bureau of the Census in October, 1976, and entitled Concepts and Methods Used In Labor Statistics Derived from the Current Population Survey.

Relationship of Current Population Survey File to Publications

Each month, a significant amount of information about the labor force is published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics in the Employment and Earnings reports.

As mentioned previously, the CPS also serves as a vehicle for supplemental inquiries on subjects other than employment, which are periodically added to the questionnaire. From the basic and supplemental data the Bureau of the Census issues four series of publications under the general title Current Population Reports:

- P-20 Population Characteristics
- P-23 Special Studies
- P-27 Farm Population
- P-60 Consumer Income

Of particular interest to users of the March microdata file would be those reports based on information collected in March. These reports are:

- P-20 Population Profile of the United States
- P-20 Household and Family Characteristics
- P-20 Marital Status and Living Arrangements
- P-20 Geographical Mobility
- P-20 Educational Attainment
- P-20 Persons of Spanish Origin in the
United States
- P-60 Household Money, Income, and Selected
Characteristics
- P-60 Money Income of Families and Persons
- P-60 Characteristics of the Poverty
Population

All Current Population Reports, including the other series for population estimates and projections and special censuses, may be obtained by subscription from the Government Printing Office. They are available in the following subscription packages: Population Characteristics, Special Studies, Farm Population, and Consumer Income series (P-20, P-23, P-27, P-60) combined, \$40.00 per year; Population Estimates and Projections, Federal-State Cooperative Program for Population Estimates, and Special Censuses series (P-25, P-26, P-28) combined, \$70.00 per year. A customer interested in all reports must subscribe to both subscription packages. Alternatively, single issues may be ordered separately; ordering information and prices are provided in the Bureau of the Census Catalog and in the "Selected New Publications" section of Data User News.

Questionnaire Coverage

Questionnaire facsimiles of the March 1980 CPS are shown on pages 136-151 in this documentation. CPS-1 items 19-25 as shown on page 138 of this document are asked only of civilians 14 years old and over. This part of the questionnaire is referred to as

the monthly (basic) labor force section because these questions are asked every month.

CPS-665 items 29-76 as shown on pages 141 to 151 of this document are referred to as the March supplement items because these questions are asked only in households in the March CPS sample. Please note that questions 29-45 are only asked of civilians 14 years old and over, whereas questions 46-56 are asked of all persons (including Armed Forces) 14 years old and over. Beginning with the March 1980 CPS, data are processed for the 15+ population.

Certain data items appearing on both the monthly (basic) questionnaire and the March supplement questionnaire may not have the same meaning. To avoid any misunderstandings, the user should refer to the glossary of this documentation.

File Structure

There is a household record for each household or group quarters. The household record is followed by one of three possible structures:

A. If the household is not a group quarters household and it contains related persons:

1. The family record appears next followed by person records for members of the family who are not also members of a related subfamily. The person records would be ordered: family householder, spouse of family householder, children in the family, and other relatives of the family householder.
2. The above records may be followed by one or more related subfamily records, each related subfamily record being followed immediately by person records for members of that related subfamily. The person records would be ordered: reference person of the related subfamily, spouse of subfamily reference person, and children of subfamily reference person.
3. The above records may be followed by one or more unrelated subfamily records, each unrelated subfamily record being followed immediately by person records for members of that unrelated subfamily. The person records would be ordered: unrelated subfamily reference person, spouse of subfamily reference person, children of unrelated subfamily reference person, and other relatives of the reference person.
4. The above records may be followed by one or more persons living with nonrelatives family records, each to be followed by the person record for the unrelated individual it represents. (See Figure 1.)

B. If the household is not a group quarters household and it contains a householder with no relatives:

1. The family record for the nonfamily householder is followed immediately by the person record for that nonfamily householder.
2. These records may be followed by one or more unrelated subfamily records, each unrelated subfamily record being followed immediately by the person records for members of that unrelated subfamily.
3. These records may be followed by one or more family records for persons living with nonrelatives, each person living with nonrelatives family record being followed immediately by the person record for that person living with nonrelatives. (See Figure 2.)

C. If the household is a group quarters, each person is defined as a person living with nonrelatives. There will be a family record followed by persons' records for each person in the group quarters.

Figure 1. Illustration of Record Sequence for Households Containing a Family.

Household Record

Family Record

Person 1 (Householder) Record

Person 2 (Spouse) Record

.

.

.

.

Person n (Family Member)

Family (Related Subfamily) Record

Person 1 (Related Subfamily Reference Person) Record

Person 2 (Spouse) Record

.

.

.

.

Person n (Related Subfamily Member) Record

Family (Unrelated Subfamily) Record

Person 1 (Unrelated Subfamily Reference Person) Record

Person 2 (Spouse) Record

.

.

.

.

Person n (Unrelated Subfamily Member) Record

Family (Persons Living With Nonrelatives) Record

Person 1 (Person Living With Nonrelatives) Record

Figure 2. Illustration of Record Sequence for Households Containing a Nonfamily Householder.

Household Record

Family Record (Nonfamily Householder)

Person (Nonfamily Householder) Record

Family (Unrelated Subfamily) Record

Person 1 (Unrelated Subfamily Reference Person) Record

Person 2 (Spouse) Record

.

.

.

Person n (Unrelated Subfamily Member) Record

Family (Person Living With Nonrelatives) Record

Person (Person Living With Nonrelatives) Record

Figure 3. Illustration of Record Sequence for Group Quarters.*

Household Record

Family (Persons Living With Nonrelatives) Record

Person (Person Living With Nonrelatives) Record

*NOTE: Each person in group quarters is by definition a person living with nonrelatives.

Geographic Limitations

It should be kept in mind that the sample design and methods of weighting CPS data are geared towards producing estimates for the entire nation. In producing estimates for States the user should be aware that the primary sampling units (PSU's) are drawn from strata which may or may not cross State lines. Consequently, the data would not be as reliable as national data, and the file may lose some of its utility in certain applications. For further discussion of such considerations, the user should consult The Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology, (Technical Paper 40 - U.S. Bureau of the Census.)

The nature of the work done by each individual investigator using the microdata file will determine to what extent his/her requirements for precision will allow using some of the smaller geographic areas identified on the file.

Weights

For all CPS data files a single weight is prepared and used to compute the monthly labor force status estimates. However, the difference in content of the March CPS supplement requires the presentation of additional weights: a household weight, a family weight, and a March supplement weight. In this section we briefly describe the construction and use of these weights. Chapter 5 of Technical Paper 40, The Current Population Survey: Design and Methodology provides documentation of the weighting procedures for the CPS both with and without supplemental questions.

The final weight, which is the product of several adjustments, is used to produce population estimates for the various items covered in the regular monthly CPS. This weight is constructed from the basic weight for each person, which represents the probability of selection for the survey. The basic weight is adjusted for special sampling situations and failure to obtain useful responses from eligible households (noninterview adjustment). A two-stage ratio estimation procedure adjusts the sample population to the known distribution of the entire population. This two-stage ratio estimation process produces factors which are applied to the basic weight (after the special weighting and noninterview adjustments are made) and results in the final weight associated with each record. In summary, the final weight is the product of: (1) the basic weight, (2) adjustments for special weighting, (3) noninterview adjustment, (4) first stage ratio adjustment factor, and (5) second stage ratio adjustment factor.

Differences in the sample, questionnaire, and data uses for the March CPS supplement result in the need for additional adjustment procedures to produce what is called the March supplement weight. The sample for the March CPS supplement is expanded to include male members of the armed forces who are living in civilian housing, or who are living with the family on a military base, as well as additional Spanish households which are not included in

the monthly labor force estimates. The March CPS questionnaire includes expanded questions on marital status and household relationships which allow for the creation of family data records.

The expanded sample, the need to have a husband and wife receive the same weight, and the need to have March supplement estimates consistent with March CPS monthly estimates for certain age-sex-race-employment categories has resulted in a weighting system which produces the March supplement weight. The March supplement weight should be used for tabulations of items in the March CPS file.

Finally, household and family weights are the weights assigned to the householder, or reference person after all adjustments have been made.

CHANGES IN CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY CONCEPTS

The concepts listed below show changes made in the household and family concepts for the March 1980 Current Population Survey (CPS) and future March supplements to the CPS. These changes affect the definitions for total households and subfamilies (see Figures 4-6), and were instituted to correspond to the terminology and concepts for the 1980 Decennial Census.

Concepts on Families

Primary Family Head. Prior to 1980, the person who maintained the family was referred to as the head, and in husband-wife households, the head by definition had to be a male. The new definition permits the wife to be designated as the "householder." 1/

Husband-wife. In addition to the definitional change described above, the old husband-wife designation is now referred to as a "married-couple" family.

Male Head, no wife present. Now referred to as "other family, male householder."

Female Head, no husband present. Now referred to as "other family, female householder."

Subfamilies. The term "related" was added to this concept. Related subfamilies refer to family groups within households where members are related to but do not include the householder or spouse of the householder. Neither the householder nor his/her spouse are included in this grouping.

Like the family households, husband-wife relationships are also referred to as "married-couple" subfamilies. However, a subfamily male-head with no wife present is called a "father-child" related subfamily while a "female head with no husband present" is called a "mother-child" related subfamily.

Secondary Families. As a corollary to the related subfamily change, secondary families are now referred to as "unrelated subfamilies." Unrelated subfamilies refer to family groups within households where no member is related to the householder.

The same types of family relationships described for related subfamilies also apply to unrelated subfamilies with one addition (e.g., married-couple, father-child, mother-child unrelated subfamilies and "other unrelated subfamilies"--see Figure 4).

1/This change in definition for husband-wife households, however, may have a slight impact on the generation of family tables which are traditionally tallied by the characteristics of the head.

Total families. Data for secondary families (now unrelated subfamilies) will no longer appear in the total families category. Therefore, the term "family" is now synonymous with the term "primary family." This usage is consistent with the family concept used in the 1980 census.

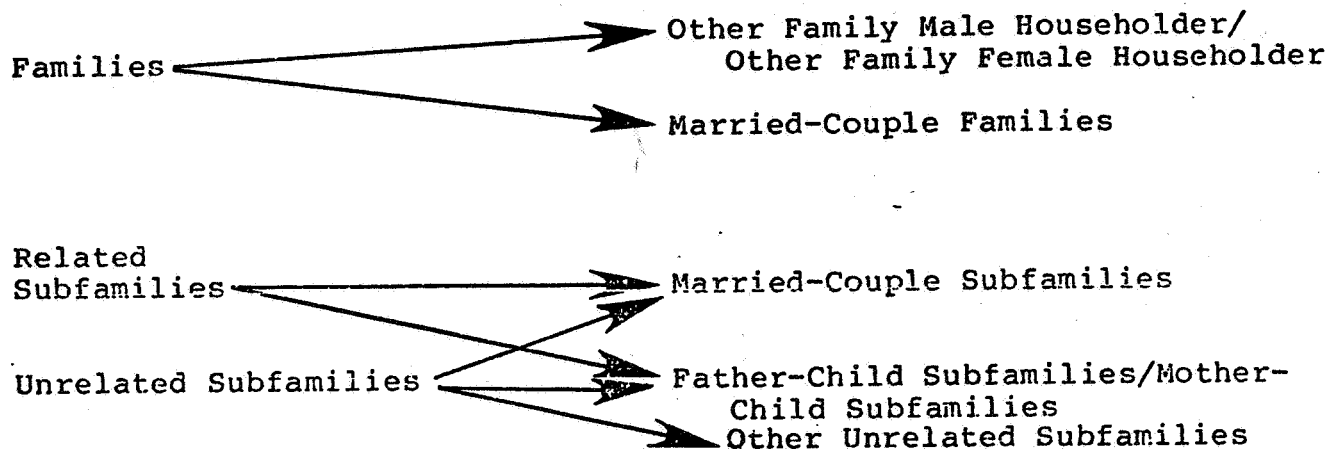
Adults. In defining adults, the age limit has been raised from 14 to 15 years old. Therefore, supplemental data for adults are only available for the 15+ population. (Basic labor force data, however, are still available for 14 year olds.)

FIGURE 4

Concepts Affecting Families

Family Types

Existing Relationships



Concepts on Individuals

Head of Household, Spouse and Child. A variety of concepts have been used to identify related individuals. These include: head of household, spouse, and child. Both the head of household and spouse concepts have changed as shown in Figure 5. In related and unrelated subfamilies, the head is now referred to as the "reference person."

Primary Individual. Although everyone is or has been part of a family, many people do not live in a family setting. A primary individual, for example, is a person who lives alone or with nonrelatives. For 1980 and beyond, this person will be referred to as a "nonfamily householder" as shown in Figure 6.

Secondary Individual. This concept, like "primary individual," refers to unrelated individuals in a household. For 1980 and beyond, it will be referred to as "other person living with no relatives" as shown in Figure 6.

FIGURE 5

Major Changes in Concepts Affecting Related Individuals

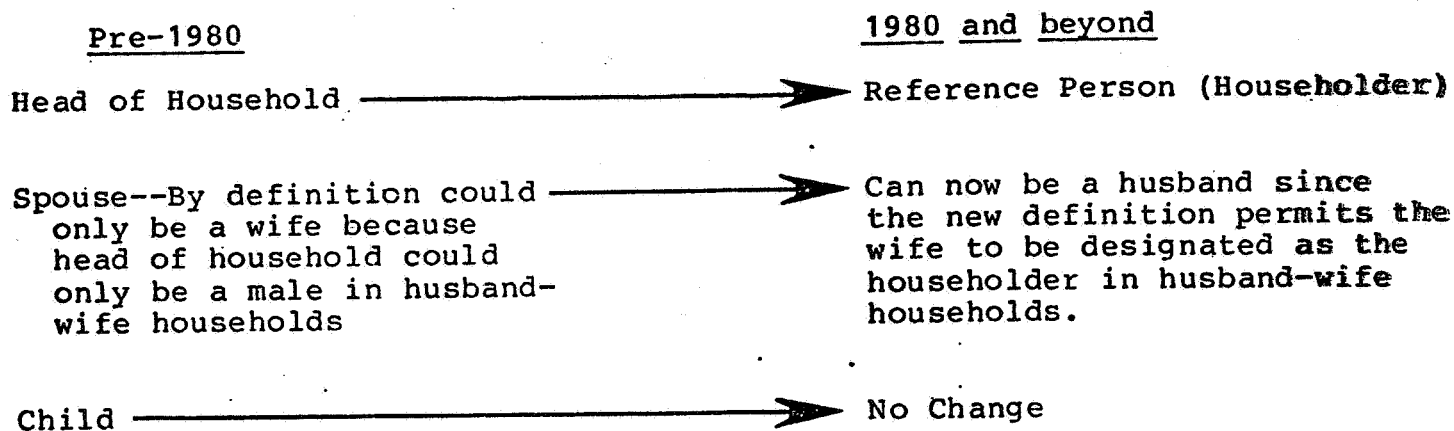
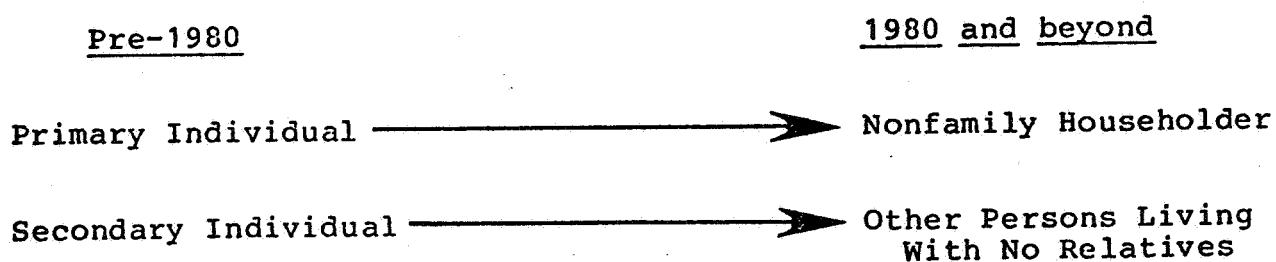


FIGURE 6

Major Changes in Concepts Affecting Unrelated Individuals



SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN DEFINITIONS AND TERMINOLOGY FOR PRESENTATION OF HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY DATA

- I. General definitional change. The secondary family component of "total families" will be excluded from the total families universe, thus, making the term "family" synonymous with the term "primary" family and consistent with the decennial-census family concept. We will, however, continue to recognize secondary families in the CPS and tabulate their characteristics separately. These secondary family data will be shown on a limited basis and will be referred to as unrelated subfamily data (see sections IV and V below).

II. Household Relationships

Categories: 1980 and beyond

Total population
In households
Family householder
Married, spouse* present
Other
Spouse* of householder
In related subfamilies
Married, spouse* present
Child of householder
Parent, no spouse present
Child of householder
Child
Child of householder, not in related subfamilies
Other relatives, not in related subfamilies
In unrelated subfamilies
Reference person
Married, spouse* present
Other
Spouse* of reference person
Other in unrelated subfamily
Other in unrelated subfamily
Nonfamily householder
Other persons living with no relatives
In group quarters

Categories: Pre-1980

Total population
In households
Head of primary family
Married, spouse** present
Other
Spouse** of primary family head
In subfamilies
Married, spouse** present
Child of primary family head
Other subfamily head
Child of primary family head
Child of subfamily head
Child of primary family head, not in subfamilies
Other relatives not in subfamilies
In secondary families
Head of family
Married, spouse** present
Other
Spouse** of family head
Child of family head
Others in secondary families
Primary individual
Secondary individual in households
In group quarters

* Indicates husband or wife as appropriate when data are shown by sex.

** By definition, can only be a wife.

III. Households by type

Categories: 1980 and beyond

Total households
Family households
Married-couple family
Other family, male householder
Other family, female householder
Nonfamily households
Male householder
Female householder

Categories: Pre-1980

Total households
Primary families
Husband-wife
Male head, no wife present
Female head, no husband present
Primary individuals
Male
Female

IV. Related subfamilies. Defined as nuclear family groups within households where members are related to but do not include the householder or spouse of householder (formerly called "subfamilies").

Categories: 1980 and beyond

Total related subfamilies
Married-couple
Mother-child
Father-child

Categories: Pre-1980

Total subfamilies
Husband-wife
Female head, no husband present
Male head, no wife present

V. Unrelated subfamilies. Defined as family groups within households where members are not related to the householder (formerly called "secondary families").

Categories: 1980 and beyond

Total unrelated subfamilies
Married-couple
Mother-child
Father-child
Other

Categories: Pre-1980

Total secondary families
Husband-wife
Female head, no husband present
Male head, no wife present

GLOSSARY

CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY, MARCH 1980

Geographic Concepts

Geographic Division - An area composed of contiguous States, with Alaska and Hawaii also included in one of the divisions. (A State is one of the 51 major political units in the United States.) The nine geographic divisions have been largely unchanged for the presentation of summary statistics since the 1910 census.

There are four regions: Northeast, North Central, South, and West. The nine geographic divisions and four regions are presented below:

Northeast Region

New England Division

Connecticut
Maine
Massachusetts
New Hampshire
Rhode Island
Vermont

Middle Atlantic Division

New Jersey
New York
Pennsylvania

North Central Region

East North Central Division

Illinois
Indiana
Michigan
Ohio
Wisconsin

South Region

South Atlantic Division

Delaware
District of Columbia
Florida
Georgia
Maryland
North Carolina
South Carolina
Virginia
West Virginia

East South Central Division

Alabama
Kentucky
Mississippi
Tennessee

West South Central Division

Arkansas
Louisiana
Oklahoma
Texas

West North Central Division

Iowa
Kansas
Minnesota
Missouri
Nebraska
North Dakota
South Dakota

West Region

Mountain Division

Arizona
Colorado
Idaho
Montana
Nevada
New Mexico
Utah
Wyoming

Pacific Division

Alaska
California
Hawaii
Oregon
Washington

GLOSSARY

CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY, MARCH 1980

Subject Concepts

Age. Age classification is based on the age of the person at his/her last birthday. The adult universe (i.e., population of marriageable age) is comprised of persons 15 years old and over. Prior to 1980 the adult universe was 14 years old and over.

Annuities. (See Income.)

Armed Forces. Armed Forces members enumerated in off-base housing or on base with their families are included on the CPS data file in March only. Only supplemental data on income are included for Armed Forces members.

Basic Weight. The constant weight assigned to the sample (inverse of the sampling fraction) which is adjusted to produce the final weight.

Civilian Labor Force. (See Labor Force.)

Class of Worker. This refers to the broad classification of the person's employer. On the March file, these broad classifications for current jobs are: private, government, self-employed, without pay, and never worked. Private and government workers are considered "wage and salary workers;" this classification scheme includes self-employed, incorporated persons in with "private" workers. For the longest job held last year, this class of worker scheme includes private, government by level-Federal, state, and local; self-employed, incorporated; self-employed on farm; and without pay. The wage and salary category for longest job would include private, government (all levels), and self-employed, incorporated.

Dividends. (See Income.)

Duration of Unemployment. Duration of unemployment represents the length of time (through the current survey week) during which persons classified as unemployed are continuously looking for work. For persons on layoff, duration of unemployment represents the number of full weeks since the termination of their most recent employment. A period of two weeks or more during which a person is employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the present period of seeking work. Average duration is an arithmetic mean computed from a distribution by single weeks of unemployment.

Earners, Number of. The file includes all persons 15 years old and over in the household with \$1 or more in wages and salaries,

or \$1 or more of a loss in net income from farm or nonfarm self-employment.

Earnings. (See Income.)

Education. (See Years of School Completed.)

Employed. (See Labor Force.)

ESR (Employment Status Recode). This classification is available for each civilian 14 years old and over according to his/her responses to the monthly (basic) labor force items in March.

Family. A family is a group of two persons or more (one of whom is the householder) residing together and related by birth, marriage, or adoption. All such persons (including related subfamily members) are considered as members of one family. Beginning with the 1980 CPS, unrelated subfamilies (referred to in the past as secondary families) are no longer included in the count of families, nor are the members of unrelated subfamilies included in the count of family members.

Family Household. A family household is a household maintained by a family (as defined above), and may include among the household members any unrelated persons (unrelated subfamily members and/or secondary individuals) who may be residing there. The number of family households is equal to the number of families. The count of family household members differs from the count of family members, however, in that the family household members include all persons living in the household, whereas family members include only the householder and his/her relatives. (See the definition of Family).

Family Weight. The weight on the family record is the March supplement weight of the householder.

Farm Self-Employment Net Income. The term is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, as a renter, or as a sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government crop loans, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc.

Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farm hands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for household living is not included as part of net income. Inventory changes are considered in determining net income only when they are accounted for in replies based on income tax

returns or other official records which reflect inventory changes.

Final Weight. Used in tabulating monthly labor force items.

Full-Time Worker. Persons on full-time schedules include persons working 35 hours or more, persons who worked 1-34 hours for noneconomic reasons (e.g., illness) and usually work full-time, and persons "with a job but not at work" who usually work full-time.

Group Quarters. Group quarters are noninstitutional living arrangements for groups not living in conventional housing units or groups living in housing units containing five or more persons unrelated to the person in charge.

Head Versus Householder. Beginning with the 1980 CPS, the Bureau of the Census discontinued the use of the terms "head of household" and "head of family." Instead, the terms "householder" and "family householder" are used.

Highest Grade of School Attended. (See Years of School Completed.)

Hours of Work. Hours of work statistics relate to the actual number of hours worked during the survey week. For example, a person who normally works 40 hours a week but who is off on the Veterans Day holiday is reported as working 32 hours even though he is paid for the holiday.

For persons working in more than one job, the figures relate to the number of hours worked in all jobs during the week. However, all the hours are credited to the major job.

Household. A household consists of all the persons who occupy a house, an apartment, or other group of rooms, or a room, which constitutes a housing unit. A group of rooms or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied as separate living quarters; that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any other person in the structure, and when there is direct access from the outside or through a common hall. The count of households excludes persons living in group quarters, such as rooming houses, military barracks, and institutions. Inmates of institutions (mental hospitals, rest homes, correctional institutions, etc.) are not included in the survey.

Household Weight. Household weight is the March Supplement weight of the householder.

Householder. The householder refers to the person (or one of the persons) in whose name the housing unit is owned or rented (maintained) or, if there is no such person, any adult member, excluding roomers, boarders, or paid employees. If the house is

owned or rented jointly by a married couple, the householder may be either the husband or the wife. The person designated as the householder is the "reference person" to whom the relationship of all other householder members, if any, is recorded.

Householder With No Other Relatives in Household. A householder who has no relatives living in the household. This is the entry for a person living alone. Another example is the designated householder of an apartment shared by two or more unrelated individuals.

Householder With Other Relatives (Including Spouse) in Household. The person designated as householder if he/she has one or more relatives (including spouse) living in the household.

Husband in Armed Forces. When a woman is reported as married but her husband is not enumerated as a member of the same household, an additional question is asked to determine whether her husband is in the Armed Forces. This additional probe is unique to the March CPS only. Women who are reported as separated are not asked the additional question.

Income. For each person in the sample who is 15 years old and over, questions are asked on the amount of money income received in the preceding calendar year from each of the following sources: (1) Money wages or salary; (2) net income from nonfarm self-employment; (3) net income from farm self-employment; (4) Social Security or railroad retirement; (5) Supplemental Security income; (6) public assistance or welfare payments; (7) interest (on savings or bonds); (8) dividends, income from estates or trusts, or net rental income; (9) veterans payment or unemployment and workmen's compensation; (10) private pensions or government employee pensions; (11) alimony or child support, regular contributions from persons not living in the household, and other periodic income.

When an indefinite amount is reported by the respondent, a specific value is assigned whenever possible. If the indefinite amount is reported in terms of a range, the midpoint of the range is assigned (i.e., \$10,000 to \$15,000 is coded as \$12,500). Open-ended amounts are converted to designated specific amounts; e.g., over \$10,000 may be coded as \$15,000.

Although income statistics refer to receipts during the preceding year, the characteristics of the person such as age, labor force status, etc., and the composition of households refer to the time of the survey. The income of the household does not include amounts received by persons who are members of the household during all or part of the income year if these persons no longer resided with the household at the time of enumeration. On the other hand, household income includes amounts reported by persons who do not reside with the household during the income year but who are members of the household at the time of enumeration.

Data on consumer income collected in the CPS by the Bureau of the Census cover money income received (exclusive of certain money

receipts such as capital gains) before payments for personal income taxes, Social Security, union dues, Medicare deductions, etc. Therefore, money income does not reflect the fact that some households receive part of their income in the form of nonmoney transfers such as food stamps, health benefits, and subsidized housing; that many farm households receive nonmoney income in the form of rent free housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm; or that nonmoney incomes are also received by some nonfarm residents which often take the form of the use of business transportation and facilities, or full or partial contributions for retirement programs, medical and educational expenses, etc. These elements should be considered when comparing income levels. Moreover, readers should be aware that for many different reasons there is a tendency in household surveys for respondents to under report their income. From an analysis of independently derived income estimates, it has been determined that wages and salaries tend to be much better reported than such income types as public assistance, Social Security, and net income from interest, dividends, rents, etc.

Income Sources - Wages and Salary. Money wages or salary is total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the income year. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned, before deductions are made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.

Income Sources - Nonfarm Self-Employment. Net income from nonfarm self-employment is net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc. In general, inventory changes are considered in determining net income, replies based on income tax returns or other official records. Records do reflect inventory changes. However, when values of inventory changes are not reported, net income figures exclusive of inventory changes are accepted. The value of salable merchandise consumed by the proprietors of retail stores is not included as part of net income.

Income Sources - Farm Self-Employment. Net income from farm self-employment is net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, as a renter, or as a sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government crop loans, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farm hands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and

Federal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income. In general, inventory changes are considered in determining net income only when they are accounted for in replies based on income tax returns or other official records which reflect inventory changes; otherwise, inventory changes are not taken into account.

Income Sources - Social Security. Social Security includes Social Security pensions and survivors' benefits, and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included.

Income Sources - Supplemental Security Income. Supplemental Security Income includes payments made by Federal, State, and local welfare agencies to low income persons who are (1) aged (65 years old and over), (2) blind, or (3) disabled.

Income Sources - Public Assistance. Public assistance or welfare payments include public assistance payments such as aid to families with dependent children and general assistance.

Income Sources - Interest and Dividends. Interest, dividends, income from estates or trusts, net rental income or royalties include dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, interest on savings or bonds, periodic receipts from estates or trusts funds, net income from rental of a house, store, or other property to others, receipts from boarders or lodgers, and net royalties.

Income Sources - Unemployment Compensation, Workmen's Compensation and Veterans' Payments. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments, or workmen's compensation includes: (1) Unemployment compensation received from government unemployment insurance agencies or private companies during periods of unemployment and any strike benefits received from union funds; (2) money paid periodically by the Veterans Administration to disabled members of the Armed Forces or to survivors of deceased veterans, subsistence allowances paid to veterans for education and on-the-job training, as well as so-called "refunds" paid to ex-servicemen as GI insurance premiums; and (3) workmen's compensation received periodically from public or private insurance companies for injuries incurred at work. The cost of this insurance must have been paid by the employer and not by the person.

Income Sources - Private and Government Pensions and Annuities. Many employers and unions have established pension programs for their employees so that upon retirement, the employee will receive regular income to replace his/her earnings. Many of these programs also provide income to the employee if he/she

becomes severely disabled, or to his/her survivors if the employee dies. Other types of retirement income include annuities and paid up life insurance policies. Some people purchase annuities which yield a set amount over a certain number of years. Other people may convert their paid up life insurance policy into an annuity after they retire.

Income Sources - Alimony and Child Support. Alimony is money received periodically from a former spouse following a divorce or separation. Child support is money received from a former spouse for the support of their children following a divorce or legal separation. Money received from relatives or friends other than the former husband or wife is not considered as child support.

Receipts Not Counted As Income. Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: (1) Money received from the sale of property, such as stocks, bonds, a house, or a car (unless the person is engaged in the business of selling such property, in which case the net proceeds, is counted as income from self-employment); (2) withdrawals of bank deposits; (3) money borrowed; (4) tax refunds; (5) gifts; and (6) lump-sum inheritances of insurance payments.

Industry, Occupation, and Class of Worker. Industry, occupation, and class of worker (I & O) always apply to the same job. For the employed, current job is the job held in the reference week (the week before the survey). Persons with two or more jobs are classified in the job at which they worked the most hours during the reference week. The unemployed are classified according to their latest full-time civilian job lasting two or more weeks or by the job (either full-time or part-time) from which they are laid off. The I & O questions are also asked of persons not in the labor force who are in the fourth and eighth month in sample and who have worked in the last five years. Longest job applies to the job held longest during the preceding year for persons who worked that year, without regard to their current employment status. The occupation/industry classification system for the 1970 Census of Population has been used to code March CPS data since 1971. For detailed information on I & O of multiple job holders see the May supplement to the CPS.

Subject	March CPS		Longest job
	current or more recent job		last year (work experience)
Industry	3-digit detailed	P 49-51	P 151-153
	2-digit detailed	P 52-53	P 322-323
	(Recode)		
Occupation	Major Group recode	N/A	P 316-317
	3-digit detailed	P 56-58	P 154-156
	2-digit detailed	P 54-55	P 318-319
Class of Worker	(Recode)		
		P 59	P 315
	Major Group recode	N/A	P 320-321

Job Seekers. All unemployed persons who made specific efforts to find a job sometime during the 4-week period preceding the survey week.

Keeping House. Persons are classified as keeping house if they engage in own housework. This is one of the "not in labor force" classifications-employment status recode (ESR)= 4.

Labor Force. Persons are classified as in the labor force if they are employed, unemployed, or in the Armed Forces during the survey week. The "civilian labor force" includes all civilians classified as employed or unemployed. The file includes labor force data for civilians age 14 and over. However, the official definition of the civilian labor force is age 16 and over.

1. Employed. Employed persons comprise (1) all civilians who, during the survey week, do any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who work 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a farm in a business operated by a member of the family, and (2) all those who have jobs but who are not working because of illness, bad weather, vacation, or Labor-Management dispute, or because they are taking time off for personal reasons, whether or not they are seeking other jobs. These persons would have an Employment Status Recode (ESR) of 1 or 2 respectively in character 12 of the person record which designates "at work" and "with a job, but not at work." Each employed person is counted only once. Those persons who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week. If they worked an equal number of

hours at more than one job, they are counted at the job they held the longest.

2. Unemployed. Unemployed persons are those civilians who, during the survey week, have no employment but are available for work, and (1) have engaged in any specific job seeking activity within the past 4 weeks, such as registering at a public or private employment office, meeting with prospective employers, checking with friends or relatives, placing or answering advertisements, writing letters of application, or being on a union or professional register; (2) are waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (3) are waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days. These persons would have an ESR code of 3 in character 12 of the person record. The unemployed includes job leavers, job losers, new job entrants, and job reentrants.
 - a. Job Leavers. Persons who quit or otherwise terminate their employment voluntarily and immediately begin looking for work.
 - b. Job Losers. Persons whose employment ends involuntarily, who immediately begin looking for work, and those persons who are already on layoff.
 - c. New Job Entrants. Persons who never work at a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer.
 - d. Job Reentrants. Persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer but are out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work.
3. Not in Labor Force. All civilians 14 years old and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as "engaged in own home housework," "in school," "unable to work" because of long-term physical or mental illness, and "other." The "other" group includes for the most part retired persons, those reported as too old to work, the voluntarily idle, and seasonal workers for whom the survey week is an "off" season and who were not reported as unemployed.

Persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force.

For persons not in the labor force, data on previous work experience, intentions to seek work again, desire for a job at the time of interview, and reasons for not looking for work are asked only in those households that are in the fourth and eighth months of the sample, i.e., the "outgoing" groups, those which had been in the sample for three previous months and would not be in for the subsequent month.

These items are asked in question 24; see the questionnaire facsimile. Such persons have an ESR code of 4-7 in character 12 of the person record.

Finally, it should be noted that the unemployment rate represents the number of persons unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force 16 years old and over. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, marital status, race, etc. The job loser, job leaver, reentrant, and new entrant rates are each calculated as a percent of the civilian labor force 16 years old and over; the sum of the rates for the four groups thus equals the total unemployment rate.

Layoff. A person who is unemployed but expects to be called back to a specific job. If he/she expects to be called back within 30 days, it is considered a temporary layoff; otherwise, it is an indefinite layoff.

Looking for Work. A person who is trying to get work or trying to establish a business or profession.

March Supplement Weight. March Supplement weight is on all person records and is used to produce National estimates. (For a description of this weight, see page 12).

Marital Status. The marital status classification identifies four major categories: single (never married), married, widowed, and divorced. These terms refer to the marital status at the time of enumeration.

The category "married" is further divided into "married, civilian spouse present," "married, Armed Force spouse present," "married, spouse absent," "married, Armed Force spouse absent," and "separated." A person is classified as "married, spouse present" if the husband or wife is reported as a member of the household

even though he or she may be temporarily absent on business or on vacation, visiting, in a hospital, etc., at the time of the enumeration. Persons reported as "separated" included those with legal separations, those living apart with intentions of obtaining a divorce, and other persons permanently or temporarily estranged from their spouses because of marital discord.

For the purpose of this file, the group "other marital status" includes "widowed and divorced," "separated," and "other married, spouse absent."

Mobility Status. The population of the United States, 15 years old and over, is classified according to mobility status on the basis of a comparison between the place of residence of each individual at the time of the March 1980 CPS and the place of residence in March 1975.

The information on mobility status is obtained from the responses to a series of inquiries. The first of these inquiries is: "Was...living in this house 5 years ago...?" If the answer was "No," the enumerator asked, "Where did...live on March 1, 1975?" In classification three main categories are distinguished as nonmovers, movers, and persons abroad.

Nonmovers are all persons who are living in the same house at the end of the period or at the beginning of the period. Movers are all persons who are living in a different house at the end of the period than at the beginning of the period. Movers from abroad include all persons, either citizens or aliens, whose place of residence is outside the United States at the beginning of the period, that is, in an outlying area under the jurisdiction of the United States or in a foreign country.

Month-In-Sample. The term is defined as the number of times a unit is interviewed. Each unit is interviewed eight times during the life of the sample. (Also see discussion of sample design.)

Never Worked. A person who has never held a full-time civilian job lasting two consecutive weeks or more.

Nonfamily Householder. A nonfamily householder (formerly called a primary individual) is a person maintaining a household while living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Nonfarm Self-employment Net Income. The term is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from his own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc. In general, inventory charges are considered in determining records to reflect

inventory changes; however, when values of inventory changes are not reported, net income figures exclusive of inventory changes are accepted. The value of salable merchandise consumed by the proprietors of retail stores is not included as part of net income.

Nonworker. A person who does not do any civilian work in the calendar year preceding the survey.

Nonrelative of Householder With No Own Relatives in Household. A nonrelative of the householder who has no relative(s) of his own in the household. This category includes such nonrelatives as a foster child, a ward, a lodger, a servant, or a hired hand, who has no relatives of his own living with him in the household.

Nonrelative of Householder With Own Relatives (Including Spouse) in Household. Any household member who is not related to the householder but has relatives of his own in the household. For example, a lodger, his spouse, and their son.

Other Relative of Householder. Any relative of the householder other than his/her spouse, or child; for example, father, mother, grandson, daughter-in-law, etc.

Own Child. The file includes a child related by blood, marriage, or adoption to the family householder.

Part-Time, Economic Reasons. The file includes slack work, material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. (See also full-time labor force.)

Part-Time, Other Reasons. The file includes labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of home housework, school, no desire for full-time work, and full-time worker only during peak season.

Part-Time Work. Persons who work between 1 and 34 hours are designated as working "part-time" in the current job held during reference week. For the March supplement a person is classified as having worked part-time during the preceding calendar year, if he worked less than 35 hours per week in a majority of the weeks in which he worked during the year. Conversely, he is classified as having worked full-time if he worked 35 hours or more per week during a majority of the weeks in which he worked.

Part-Year Work. Part-Year Work is classified as less than 50 weeks' work.

Population Coverage. The population covered includes the civilian population of the United States plus approximately 855,000 members of the Armed Forces in the United States living off post or with their families on post but excludes all other

members of the Armed Forces. This file excludes inmates of institutions. The labor force and work experience data are not collected for Armed Forces members.

Poverty. In this file families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex, and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$7,412 in 1979. For a detailed explanation of the poverty definition, see Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 124, "Characteristics of the Population Below the Poverty Level: 1978."

Public Assistance. (See Income.)

Race. The population is divided into three groups on the basis of race: White, Black, and "Other races." The last category includes Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and any other race except White and Black. In most of the published tables, "Other Races" are shown in combination with the Black population.

Receipts Not Counted as Income. Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: (1) Money received from the sale of property, such as stocks, bonds, a house, or a car (unless the person was engaged in the business of selling such property, in which case the net proceeds would be counted as income from self-employment); (2) withdrawals of bank deposits; (3) money borrowed; (4) tax refunds; (5) gifts; and (6) lump-sum inheritances or insurance payments.

Reentrants. Persons who previously worked at a full-time job lasting two weeks or longer but who are out of the labor force prior to beginning to look for work.

Related Children. Related children in a family include own children and all other children in the household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. For each type of family unit identified in the CPS, the count of own children under 18 years old is limited to single (never married) children; however, "own children under 25" and "own children of any age," include all children regardless of marital status. The totals include never-married children living away from home in college dormitories.

Related Subfamily. A related subfamily is a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more own single (never married) children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, the householder or

spouse. The most common example of a related subfamily is a young married couple sharing the home of the husband's or wife's parents. The number of related subfamilies, is not included in the number of families.

School. A person who spent most of his time during survey week attending any kind of public or private school, including trade or vocational schools in which students receive no compensation in money or kind.

Secondary Individual. A secondary individual is a person in a household or group quarters such as a guest, roomer, boarder, or resident employee (excluding nonfamily householders and inmates of institutions) who is not related to any other person in the household or group quarters.

Self-Employed. Self-employed persons are those who work for profit or fees in their own business, profession or trade, or operate a farm.

Spanish Origin. Persons of Spanish origin in this file are determined on the basis of a question that asked for self-identification of the person's origin or descent. Respondents are asked to select their origin (or the origin of some other household member) from a "flash card" listing ethnic origins. Persons of Spanish origin, in particular, are those who indicated that their origin was Mexican-American, Chicano, Mexican, Mexicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish.

Stretches of Unemployment. A continuous stretch is one that is not interrupted by the person getting a job or leaving the labor market to go to school, to keep house, etc. A period of two weeks or more during which a person is employed or ceased looking for work is considered to break the continuity of the period of seeking work.

Total Money Income. The term is defined as the arithmetic sum of money wages and salaries, net income from self-employment, and income other than earnings. The total income of a household is the arithmetic sum of the amounts received by all income recipients in the household.

Unable to Work. A person is classified as unable to work because of long-term physical or mental illness, lasting six months or longer.

Unemployed. (See Labor Force.)

Unemployment Compensation. (See Income.)

Unpaid Family Workers. Unpaid family workers are persons working without pay for 15 hours a week or more on a farm or in a

business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage.

Unrelated Individuals. Unrelated Individuals are persons of any age (other than inmates of institutions) who are not living with any relatives. An unrelated individual may be (1) a nonfamily householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a roomer, boarder, or resident employee with no relatives in the household, or (3) a group quarters member who has no relatives living with him/her. Thus, a widow who occupies her house alone or with one or more other persons not related to her, a roomer not related to anyone else in the housing unit, a maid living as a member of her employer's household but with no relatives in the household, and a resident staff member in a hospital living apart from any relatives are all examples of unrelated individuals.

Unrelated Subfamily. An unrelated subfamily is a family that does not include among its members the householder and relatives of the householder. Members of unrelated subfamilies may include persons such as guests, roomers, boarders, or resident employees and their relatives living in a household. The number of unrelated subfamily members is included in the number of household members but is not included in the count of family members.

Persons living with relatives in group quarters were formerly considered as members of families. However, the number of such unrelated subfamilies became so small (37,000 in 1967) that beginning with the data for 1968 (and beginning with the census data for 1960) the Bureau of the Census includes persons in these unrelated subfamilies in the count of secondary individuals.

Veteran Status. If a male served at any time during the four major wars of this century, the code for the most recent wartime service is entered. The following codes are used:

0. Females, children under 14
1. Vietnam era
2. Korean
3. WWI
4. WWII
5. Other Service
6. Nonveteran

Wage and Salary Workers. Wage and salary workers receive wages, salary, commission, tips, or pay in kind from a private employer or from a governmental unit.

Wages or Salary. The term is defined as the total money received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc. (See Income.)

Weeks Worked in the Income Year. Persons are classified according to the number of different weeks, during the preceding calendar year, in which they did any civilian work for pay or profit (including paid vacations and sick leave) or worked without pay on a family-operated farm or business.

Workers. (See Labor Force--Employed.)

Work Experience. Includes those persons who during the preceding calendar year did any civilian work for pay or profit or worked without pay on a family-operated farm or business at any time during the year, on a part-time or full-time basis.

Year-Round Full-Time Worker. A year-round full-time worker is one who worked usually 35 hours or more per week for 50 weeks or more during the preceding calendar year.

Years of School Completed. Data on years of school completed are derived from the combination of answers to questions concerning the highest grade of school attended by the person and whether or not that grade is finished. Educational attainment applies only to progress in "regular" school. Such schools include graded public, private, and parochial elementary and high schools (both junior and senior high), colleges, universities, and professional schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other than regular schools is counted only if the credits obtained are regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

DATA DICTIONARY INDEX

Current Population Survey, March 1980

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(See Household Characteristics)

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(See Household Characteristics)

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Veteran Status

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CHANGES IN DATA DICTIONARY SINCE 1979

Descriptive labels in the March 1980 CPS data dictionary have been revised, where necessary, to reflect the changes in household and family concepts for the March 1980 and future CPS surveys. For more details see "Changes in Current Population Survey Concepts" section in this documentation. Former and new CPS descriptive items are outlined below.

MARCH 1979 CPS DATA DICTIONARY

HEAD
HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD
WIFE
SUBFAMILY
SECONDARY FAMILY
PRIMARY INDIVIDUAL
SECONDARY INDIVIDUAL
PRIMARY FAMILY
HEAD OF FAMILY

MARCH 1980 CPS DATA DICTIONARY

HOUSEHOLDER
HOUSEHOLD
SPOUSE
RELATED SUBFAMILY
UNRELATED SUBFAMILY
NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDER
UNRELATED INDIVIDUAL
FAMILY
HOUSEHOLDER

Other notable changes in the March 1980 CPS Data Dictionary are reflected below.

MARCH 1979 CPS DATA DICTIONARY

MARCH 1980 CPS DATA DICTIONARY

Household Record

H87

Household Income Recode (2)

01 NONE
02 LOSS
03 \$1 TO \$999
04 \$1,000 TO \$1,999
05 \$2,000 TO \$2,999
06 \$3,000 TO \$3,999
07 \$4,000 TO \$4,999
08 \$5,000 TO \$5,999
09 \$6,000 TO \$6,999
10 \$7,000 TO \$7,999
11 \$8,000 TO \$8,999
12 \$9,000 TO \$9,999

H87

Household Income Recode (2)

01 NONE
02 LOSS
03 \$1 TO \$2,499
04 \$2,500 TO \$4,999
05 \$5,000 TO \$7,499
06 \$7,500 TO \$9,999
07 \$10,000 TO \$12,499
08 \$12,500 TO \$14,999
09 \$15,000 TO \$17,499
10 \$17,500 TO \$19,999
11 \$20,000 TO \$22,499
12 \$22,500 TO \$24,999

NOTE: The number in parentheses following each description represents the character size of the data item.

Household Record
(Continued)

13 \$10,000 TO \$10,999
14 \$11,000 TO \$11,999
15 \$12,000 TO \$13,499
16 \$13,500 TO \$14,999
17 \$15,000 TO \$17,499
18 \$17,500 TO \$19,999
19 \$20,000 TO \$21,999
20 \$22,000 TO \$24,999
21 \$25,000 TO \$29,999
22 \$30,000 TO \$49,999
23 \$50,000 OR MORE

H89
Filler (107)

13 \$25,000 TO \$27,499
14 \$27,500 TO \$29,999
15 \$30,000 TO \$32,499
16 \$32,500 TO \$34,999
17 \$35,000 TO \$37,499
18 \$37,500 TO \$39,999
19 \$40,000 TO \$44,999
20 \$45,000 TO \$49,999
21 \$50,000 TO \$59,999
22 \$60,000 TO \$74,999
23 \$75,000 AND OVER

H89
Filler (14)

H103
Presence of Household
Members 5-18 (1)

H104
Complete Lunch Eaten
At School (1)

H105
Number of Children
Who Eat Complete
Lunch At School (1)

H106
Free or Reduced Price
Lunch (1)

H107
Number of Children
Who Receive Free or
Reduced Price Lunch (1)

H108
Household Received Food
Stamps (1)

H109
Number of Persons in
Household Covered by
Food Stamps (1)

NOTE: The number in parentheses following each description represents the character size of the data item.

Household Record
(Continued)

H110
Number of Months Food Stamps
Received (2)

H112
Total Value of Food Stamps
Received (4)

H116
Allocation Flag (1)

H117
Filler (79)

Family Record

F187
Worker and Relationship of
Workers to Head of Household (2)

F187
Filler (2)

F192
Family Income Recode (2)

F192
Family Income Recode (2)

00 NIU
01 NONE
02 LOSS
03 \$1 TO \$499
04 \$500 TO \$999
05 \$1,000 TO \$1,499
06 \$1,500 TO \$1,999
07 \$2,000 TO \$2,499
08 \$2,500 TO \$2,999
09 \$3,000 TO \$3,499
10 \$3,500 TO \$3,999
11 \$4,000 TO \$4,999
12 \$5,000 TO \$5,999
13 \$6,000 TO \$6,999
14 \$7,000 TO \$7,999
15 \$8,000 TO \$8,999
16 \$9,000 TO \$9,999
17 \$10,000 TO \$10,999
18 \$11,000 TO \$11,999
19 \$12,000 TO \$12,999
20 \$13,000 TO \$13,999

00 NIU
01 NONE
02 LOSS
03 \$1 TO \$999
04 \$1,000 TO \$1,999
05 \$2,000 TO \$2,499
06 \$2,500 TO \$2,999
07 \$3,000 TO \$3,499
08 \$3,500 TO \$3,999
09 \$4,000 TO \$4,999
10 \$5,000 TO \$5,999
11 \$6,000 TO \$6,999
12 \$7,000 TO \$7,499
13 \$7,500 TO \$7,999
14 \$8,000 TO \$8,499
15 \$8,500 TO \$8,999
16 \$9,000 TO \$9,999
17 \$10,000 TO \$12,499
18 \$12,500 TO \$14,999
19 \$15,000 TO \$17,499
20 \$17,500 TO \$19,999

NOTE: The number in parentheses following each description represents the character size of the data item.

MARCH 1979 CPS DATA DICTIONARY

MARCH 1980 CPS DATA DICTIONARY

Person Record
(Continued)

P274
Flag 53B Top Coded (1)

P275
Flag 53C Top Coded (1)

P276
Flag 53D Top Coded (1)

P277
Flag 53E Top Coded (1)

P278
Flag 53F Top Coded (1)

P279
Flag-PIN-TOT - Top Coded (1)

P280
Flag-PIN-ERN Top Coded (1)

P281
Flag PIN-OTH Top Coded (1)

P282
Working March 1975 (1)

P283
In Armed Forces March 1975 (1)

P284
Attending College March 1975 (1)

P285
Living in same house March 1975 (1)

P275
Flag 53B Top Coded (1)

P276
Flag 53C Top Coded (1)

P277
Flag 53D Top Coded (1)

P278
Flag 53E Top Coded (1)

P279
Flag 53F Top Coded (1)

P280
FLPINTOT Top Coded (1)

P281
FLPINERN Top Coded (1)

P282
FLPINOTH Top Coded (1)

P283
Filler (6)

(SEE P336-P341 BELOW)

NOTE: The number in parentheses following each description represents the character size of the data item.

Person Record
(Continued)

(SEE P282-P287 ABOVE)

- P337
In Armed Forces March 1975 (1)
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(Edited) (1)

NOTE: The number in parentheses following each description represents the character size of the data item.

Person Record
(Continued)

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- P350
Covered by Medicare
(Edited) (1)
- P351
Covered by Medicaid (1)
- P352
Covered by Medicaid
(Edited) (1)
- P353
Covered by CHAMPUS or
Military Health Care (1)
- P354
Covered By Champus or
Military Health Care
(Edited) (1)
- P355
Other Health Insurance (1)
- P356
Covered by Other Health
Insurance (Edited) (1)
- P357
Other Persons Covered By
Health Insurance (1)

NOTE: The number in parentheses following each description represents the character size of the data item.

HOW TO USE THE DATA DICTIONARY

This computer-generated report documents the data contents and the record layout of the file. Below is a brief description of the information provided for each data item.

The first line of each data item description gives the name, size/scale, begin position, data type, and the variable label. Following those items, on subsequent lines, are any applicable notes and value codes. Each of these items is defined below.

1. Name. This is an arbitrarily assigned 8 character identifier. It may be a mnemonic such as "STATE" or "EDNUMBER", or sequential identifiers such as "TAB1", "TAB2", etc.
2. Size/Scale. The size of a data item is given in characters. The scale of a data item is given in integer powers of 10. Implied decimals or multipliers (in integer powers of ten only) are indicated by a "-" or a "+" followed by a number. For example, 123.45 would appear on the data tape as 12345, and the size/scale value would be 5/-2. A number recorded in thousands (12,345,000 for example) would appear on the data tape as 12345 and the size/scale value would be 5/+3. Scale factors which are not an integer power of ten are identified in the notes following the label, and in the footnotes.
3. Begin. This is the location in the data record of the first character of the data item.
4. Data Type. The data type indicates whether the data item is alphanumeric (A) or numeric (N).
5. Description.

Label. This is a single 40 character line or a set of 40 character lines which describes the data item.

Notes and Value Codes. This section provides any relevant notes or footnote references. In addition, any value codes necessary for the data item are listed and labeled here.

DATA DICTIONARY

LOGICAL RECORD LENGTH = 360

CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY, MARCH 1980
THIS FILE IS ALSO KNOWN AS THE ANNUAL DEMOGRAPHIC FILE.

THIS FILE PRESENTS CURRENT DATA ON THE COMPOSITION AND ECONOMIC STATUS OF THE POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES. IT PROVIDES COMPREHENSIVE INFORMATION ON THE EMPLOYMENT STATUS, OCCUPATION, AND INDUSTRY OF PERSONS OF CURRENT JOB FOR 14 YEARS OLD AND OVER. WORK EXPERIENCE AND INCOME ARE PROVIDED FOR 15 YEARS OLD AND OVER. CHARACTERISTICS SUCH AS AGE, SEX, RACE, MARITAL STATUS, FAMILY RELATIONSHIP, INCOME, AND SPANISH ETHNICITY ARE SHOWN FOR EACH PERSON IN THE HOUSEHOLDS ENUMERATED. THE FILE CONTAINS 3 DIFFERENT RECORD TYPES. THESE TYPES ARE THE HOUSEHOLD, FAMILY AND PERSON RECORDS. HOUSEHOLD RECORDS CONTAIN THE GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION AND LIMITED INFORMATION ON HOUSEHOLDS. FAMILY RECORDS CONTAIN INFORMATION ON FAMILY INCOME AND OTHER FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS. PERSON RECORDS CONTAIN DETAILED INCOME, EMPLOYMENT, AND OTHER DEMOGRAPHIC DATA. EACH RECORD CONTAINS AN INDIVIDUAL WEIGHT. A RECORD IS ALSO PROVIDED FOR HOUSEHOLDS IN THE SAMPLE BUT NOT INTERVIEWED.

FILE STRUCTURE:

FOR A DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE FILE STRUCTURE, SEE
DISCUSSION BEGINNING ON PAGE 8 OF TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION.

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD H			
NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE
HHSEQNUM	6	1	A HOUSEHOLD SEQUENCE NUMBER - UNIQUE ID SAME ID WILL APPEAR FOR EACH PERSON IN THIS HOUSEHOLD IN THE PPSEQNUM SAME ID WILL APPEAR FOR EACH FAMILY IN THIS HOUSEHOLD IN THE FFSEQNUM
HHPOS	2	7	A TRAILER PORTION OF UNIQUE HOUSEHOLD 00=FOR HOUSEHOLD RECORD 01-39=FOR PERSON RECORD 41-79=FOR FAMILY RECORD
NUMPERS	2	9	A NUMBER OF PERSONS IN THIS HOUSEHOLD
NUMFAM	2	11	A NUMBER OF FAMILIES IN THIS HOUSEHOLD
HHTYPE	1	13	A HOUSEHOLD TYPE 1 INTERVIEW HOUSEHOLD, WITH HOUSEHOLDER 2 GROUP QUARTERS (COLLECTIVE HH) 3 NONINTERVIEW TYPE A 4 NONINTERVIEW TYPE B/C
PPINDND	2	14	A INDEX OF PRINCIPAL PERSON 00 NIU (NOT IN UNIVERSE) 01-39 INDEX OF PRINCIPAL PERSON
ITEM9	1	16	A HOUSEHOLD NUMBER (EDITED) 1 HOUSEHOLD 1 2 HOUSEHOLD 2 3 HOUSEHOLD 3 4 HOUSEHOLD 4 5 HOUSEHOLD 5 6 HOUSEHOLD 6 7 HOUSEHOLD 7 8 HOUSEHOLD 8

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD H			
NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE
NUMHU	1	34	A
		0	NUMBER HOUSING UNITS IN STRUCTURE
		1	NOT CODED (NC)
		2	1
		3	2
		4	3-4
		5	5-9
			10+
FILL	2	35	A
			FILLER
REGION	1	37	A
		1	GEOGRAPHIC REGION CODE
		2	NORTHEAST
		3	NORTH CENTRAL
		4	SOUTH
			WEST
DIVISION	1	38	A
		1	GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION CODE
		2	NEW ENGLAND
		3	MIDDLE ATLANTIC
		4	EAST NORTH CENTRAL
		5	WEST NORTH CENTRAL
		6	SOUTH ATLANTIC
		7	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL
		8	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL
		9	MOUNTAIN
			PACIFIC
MSSTATE	2	39	A
		11	GEOGRAPHIC STATE CODE
		12	MAINE
		13	NEW HAMPSHIRE
		14	VERMONT
		15	MASSACHUSETTS
		16	RHODE ISLAND
		21	CONNECTICUT
		22	NEW YORK
		23	NEW JERSEY
		31	PENNSYLVANIA
		32	OHIO
			INDIANA

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD H

SIZE/
SCALE BEGIN DATA
SCALE TYPE

NAME

SMSAFIPS

4

A

FIPS SMSA CODE

0000 NOT IDENTIFIABLE
5600 NEW YORK, N.Y.
4430 LOS ANGELES-LONG BEACH, CALIF.
1600 CHICAGO, ILL.
6160 PHILADELPHIA, PA.
2160 DETROIT, MICH.
7360 SAN FRANCISCO-OAKLAND, CALIF.
8840 WASHINGTON, D.C.-MD.-VA.
1120 BOSTON, MASS.
5380 NASSAU-SUFFOLK, N.Y.
6280 PITTSBURGH, PA.
7040 ST. LOUIS, MO.-ILL.
0720 BALTIMORE, MD.
1680 CLEVELAND, OHIO
3360 HOUSTON, TEXAS
5640 NEWARK, N.J.
5120 MINNEAPOLIS-ST. PAUL, MINN.
1920 DALLAS, TEXAS
7600 SEATTLE-EVERETT, WASH.
0360 ANAHEIM-SANTA ANA-GARDEN GROVE, CA
5080 MILWAUKEE, WIS.
0520 ATLANTA, GA.
1640 CINCINNATI, OHIO
6040 PATTERSON-CLIFTON-PASSAIC, N.J.
7320 SAN DIEGO, CALIF.
1280 BUFFALO, N.Y.
5000 MIAMI, FLA.
3760 KANSAS CITY, MO.-KAN.
2080 DENVER, COLO.
7280 SAN BERNARDINO-RIVERSIDE-ONTARIO,
3430 INDIANAPOLIS, IND.
7400 SAN JOSE, CALIF.
5560 NEW ORLEANS, LA.
8280 TAMPA-ST. PETERSBURG, FLA.
6440 PORTLAND, ORE.-WASH.
1840 COLUMBUS, OHIO
6840 ROCHESTER, N.Y.
6920 SACRAMENTO, CALIF.
2800 FORT WORTH, TEXAS
1000 BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
0160 ALBANY-SCHENECTADY-TROY, N.Y.
5720 NORFOLK-PORTSMOUTH, VA.
0080 AKRON, OHIO
2960 GARY-HAMMOND-EAST CHICAGO, IND.
3120 GREENSBORO-WINSTON-SALEM-HIGH POINT

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	RECORD H		DATA TYPE	
		BEGIN			
		08		UNIT NOT PERMANENT	(GQ)
		09		TENT/TRAILER SITE	(GQ)
		10		OTHER NOT HU	(GQ)
TENURE	1	60	A	TENURE OF HOUSEHOLD (ITEM 60)	
		1		OWNED OR BEING BOUGHT	
		2		RENTED	
		3		NO CASH RENT	
PUBLIC	1	61	A	PUBLIC HOUSING PROJECT (ITEM 61)	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
LOWERREN	1	62	A	RENT SUBSIDY (ITEM 62)	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
FILL3	6	63	A	FILLER	
HHSTATUS	1	69	A	HOUSEHOLD STATUS	
		0		NIU (GROUP QUARTERS)	
		1		FAMILY	
		2		NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDER LIVING ALONE	
		3		NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDER LIVING WITH NONRELATIVES	
HHUND18	2	70	A	NUMBER OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD UNDER AGE 18	
		00		NONE	
HHINCTOT	9	72	A	TOTAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME	

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD H

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	
HHRECREL	1	81	A	RELATIONSHIP TO HOUSEHOLDER RECODE NIU (GROUP QUARTERS) ALL MEMBERS RELATED TO HOUSEHOLDER NO MEMBERS RELATED TO HOUSEHOLDER SOME MEMBERS RELATED TO HOUSEHOLDER
		0		NEGATIVE AMT = INCOME LOSS
		1		POSITIVE AMT = INCOME
		2		00000000 = NO INCOME
		3		
HHNUMNRL	1	82	A	NUMBER OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD NOT RELATED TO HOUSEHOLDER NONE/ NIU (GROUP QUARTERS) 1 PERSON 2 PERSONS 3 PERSONS 4 OR MORE PERSONS
		0		
		1		
		2		
		3		
		4		
HHNUMCPL	1	83	A	NUMBER OF MARRIED COUPLES IN HOUSEHOLD EXCLUDING HOUSEHOLDER AND SPOUSE NONE 1 COUPLE 2+ COUPLES
		0		
		1		
		2		
HHTOP5PC	1	84	A	HOUSEHOLD INCOME PERCENT CUT 1 NATIONAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME RANKING NIU (GROUP QUARTERS) NOT IN TOP 5 PCT IN TOP 5 PCT
		0		
		1		
		2		
HPCTCUT	2	85	A	HOUSEHOLD INCOME PERCENT CUT 2 NATIONAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME RANKING NIU (GROUP QUARTERS) LOWEST 5 PER CENT SECOND 5 PER CENT THIRD 5 PER CENT FOURTH 5 PER CENT FIFTH 5 PER CENT
		00		
		01		
		02		
		03		
		04		
		05		

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	RECORD H		DATA TYPE	
		BEGIN			
HMEMB518	1	103	A	PRESENCE OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS 5-18 HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS 5-18 PRESENT NO HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS 5-18	1 2
HHOTLUN	1	104	A	COMPLETE LUNCH EATEN AT SCHOOL NOT IN UNIVERSE CHILDREN EAT COMPLETE LUNCH AT SCHOOL NO CHILDREN EAT COMPLETE LUNCH AT SCHOOL	0 1 2
HNUMHOT	1	105	A	NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO EAT COMPLETE LUNCH AT SCHOOL NOT IN UNIVERSE	0
HFREELUN	1	106	A	FREE OR REDUCED PRICE LUNCH NOT IN UNIVERSE CHILDREN RECEIVE FREE OR REDUCED PRICE LUNCH NO CHILDREN RECEIVE FREE OR REDUCED PRICE LUNCH	0 1 2
HNUMFREE	1	107	A	NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO RECEIVE FREE OR REDUCED PRICE LUNCH NOT IN UNIVERSE	0
HFOODSP	1	108	A	HOUSEHOLD RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS YES NO	1 2
HNUMFS	1	109	A	NUMBER OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD COVERED BY FOOD STAMPS NOT IN UNIVERSE 1 PERSON 2 PERSONS 3 PERSONS 4 PERSONS 5 PERSONS	0 1 2 3 4 5

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	RECORD H
HNUMMO	2	110	A	NUMBER OF MCNTHS FOOD STAMPS RECEIVED VALUE RANGE IS FROM 01 TO 12 NOT IN UNIVERSE
		00		
HVALUEFS	4	112	A	TOTAL VALUE OF FOOD STAMPS RECEIVED VALUE RANGE IS FROM 0001 TO 5999 NOT IN UNIVERSE
		0000		
HFSALFLG	1	116	A	ALLOCATION FLAG 0 NO ALLOCATION 1 INCOME AMOUNT ALLOCATED 2 RECIPIENCY ALLOCATED 3 INCOME AND RECIPIENCY ALLOCATED
		0		
		1		
		2		
		3		
FILLW	79	117	A	FILLER
HHSUPWGT	11/-2	196	A	HOUSEHOLD WEIGHT
FILL5	124	207	A	FILLER
HHRECTYP	1	331	A	HOUSEHOLD RECORD TYPE
		1		HOUSEHOLD RECORD
FILL6	29	332	A	FILLER

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

			RECORD	F	
NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE		
FFSEQNUM	6	1	A		UNIQUE HOUSEHOLD IDENTIFIER
FFPOS	2	7	A		FAMILY SEQUENCE NUMBER WITHIN HOUSEHOLD
FKIND	1	9	A		KIND OF FAMILY
		1			FAMILY
		2			RELATED SUBFAMILY
		3			UNRELATED SUBFAMILY
		4			NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDER
		5			UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS
FTYPE	1	10	A		TYPE OF FAMILY
		1			MARRIED COUPLE FAMILY
		2			OTHER FAMILY, MALE HOUSEHOLDER
		3			OTHER FAMILY, FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER
FPERSONS	2	11	A		NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY
FHOUHIND	2	13	A		INDEX IN PERSONS RECORD OF FAMILY HOUSEHOLDER OR REFERENCE PERSON
FSPOUSIN	2	15	A		INDEX IN PERSONS RECORD OF FAMILY SPOUSE
					00 = NO SPOUSE
					01 = ILLEGAL CODE
					02-39 = INDEX OF SPOUSE
FLASTIND	2	17	A		INDEX IN PERSONS RECORD OF LAST MEMBER ALL PERSONS FROM FHOUHIND THRU FLASTIND ARE MEMBERS OF THIS FAMILY
FSPANHEA	1	19	A		HOUSEHOLDER OF SPANISH ORIGIN

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	RECORD F		DATA TYPE	
			1	2		
					YES NO	
FINCWS	8	20	A			FAMILY INCOME - WAGES AND SALARIES
FINCSE	7	28	A			FAMILY INCOME - SELF EMPLOYMENT INCOME 000000 = NONE NEGATIVE AMT = INCOME (LOSS) POSITIVE AMT = INCOME
FINCFR	7	35	A			FAMILY INCOME - FARM INCOME 000000 = NONE NEGATIVE AMT = INCOME (LOSS) POSITIVE AMT = INCOME
FINCUS	8	42	A			FAMILY INCOME - MONEY RECEIVED FROM U.S. GOV'T. INCLUDES SOCIAL SECURITY AND RAILROAD RETIREMENT
FINCSP	8	50	A			FAMILY INCOME - SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCLUDES MONEY RECEIVED FROM US AND STATE AND LOCAL GOV'T
FINCPA	8	58	A			FAMILY INCOME - PUBLIC ASSISTANCE AND WELFARE INCLUDES AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEPENDANT CHILDREN AND OTHER ASSISTANCE
FINCINT	8	66	A			FAMILY INCOME - INTEREST
FINCDIV	7	74	A			FAMILY INCOME - DIVIDENDS, ETC.

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD F

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	
FINCVP	8	81	A	<p>FAMILY INCOME - VETERANS PAYMENTS ETC. INCLUDES VETERANS PAYMENTS UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION WORKMENS COMPENSATION</p> <p>INCLUDES DIVIDENDS, NET RENTAL INCOME OR ROYALTIES, ESTATES OR TRUSTS NEGATIVE AMT = INCOME (LOSS) POSITIVE AMT = INCOME 0000000 = NONE</p>
FINCRET	8	89	A	<p>FAMILY INCOME - RETIREMENT INCLUDES PRIVATE PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES MILITARY RETIREMENT FEDERAL GOV'T EMPLOYEE PENSIONS STATE OR LOCAL GOV'T PENSIONS</p>
FINCCS	8	97	A	<p>FAMILY INCOME - CHILD SUPPORT, ETC. INCLUDES ALIMONY AND CHILD SUPPORT OTHER REGULAR CONTRIBUTIONS FROM PERSON NOT IN HOUSEHOLD AND ANYTHING ELSE</p>
FINCTOT	9	105	A	<p>TOTAL FAMILY INCOME 000000000 = NONE NEGATIVE AMT = INCOME (LOSS) POSITIVE AMT = INCOME</p>
FLNCEARN	9	114	A	<p>TOTAL FAMILY EARNINGS 000000000 = NONE NEGATIVE AMT = INCOME (LOSS) POSITIVE AMT = INCOME</p>
FINCOTH	9	123	A	<p>TOTAL OTHER FAMILY INCOME 000000000 = NONE NEGATIVE AMT = INCOME (LOSS)</p>

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	RECORD F
FLFINCWS	1	132	A	TOP-CODED FLAG-WS THE VARIOUS INCOME FIELDS HAVE BEEN TOP CODED TO PREVENT DISCLOSURE 0 NOT TOP CODED 1 TOP CODED
FLAGFINC	1	133	A	TOP-CODED FLAG-SE 0 NOT TOP CODED 1 SPRESSED VALUE
FLFINCFR	1	134	A	TOP-CODED FLAG-FR 0 NOT TOP CODED 1 SPRESSED VALUE
FLFINCUS	1	135	A	TOP-CODED FLAG-US 0 NOT TOP CODED 1 SPRESSED VALUE
FLFINCSP	1	136	A	TOP-CODED FLAG-SP 0 NOT TOP CODED 1 SPRESSED VALUE
FLFINCPA	1	137	A	TOP-CODED FLAG-PA 0 NOT TOP CODED 1 SPRESSED VALUE
FLFINCIN	1	138	A	TOP-CODED FLAG-IN 0 NOT TOP CODED 1 SPRESSED VALUE
FLFINCDI	1	139	A	TOP-CODED FLAG-DI 0 NOT TOP CODED 1 SPRESSED VALUE

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD F

SIZE/
SCALE BEGIN DATA
TYPE

NAME

7 CHILDREN
8 CHILDREN
9 OR MORE CHILDREN

FREC9 1 152 A OWN CHILDREN UNDER 25, ANY MARITAL STATUS
0 NONE
1 CHILD
2 CHILDREN
3 CHILDREN
4 CHILDREN
5 CHILDREN
6 CHILDREN
7 CHILDREN
8 CHILDREN
9 OR MORE CHILDREN

FREC10 1 153 A OWN NEVER MARRIED CHILDREN UNDER 18
0 NONE
1 CHILD
2 CHILDREN
3 CHILDREN
4 CHILDREN
5 CHILDREN
6 CHILDREN
7 CHILDREN
8 CHILDREN
9 OR MORE CHILDREN

FREC11 1 154 A OWN NEVER MARRIED CHILDREN UNDER 15
0 NONE
1 CHILD
2 CHILDREN
3 CHILDREN
4 CHILDREN
5 CHILDREN
6 CHILDREN
7 CHILDREN
8 CHILDREN
9 OR MORE CHILDREN

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD F

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE
FREC12	1	155	A OWN CHILDREN UNDER 12 0 NONE 1 CHILD 2 CHILDREN 3 CHILDREN 4 CHILDREN 5 CHILDREN 6 CHILDREN 7 CHILDREN 8 OR MORE CHILDREN

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE
FREC13	1	156	A OWN CHILDREN UNDER 9 0 NONE 1 CHILD 2 CHILDREN 3 CHILDREN 4 CHILDREN 5 CHILDREN 6 OR MORE CHILDREN

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE
FREC14	1	157	A OWN CHILDREN UNDER 6 0 NONE 1 CHILD 2 CHILDREN 3 CHILDREN 4 CHILDREN 5 CHILDREN 6 OR MORE CHILDREN

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE
FREC15	1	158	A OWN CHILDREN UNDER 5 0 NONE 1 CHILD 2 CHILDREN 3 CHILDREN 4 CHILDREN 5 CHILDREN 6 OR MORE CHILDREN

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE
FREC16	1	159	A OWN CHILDREN UNDER 3

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD F

NAME SIZE/
SCALE BEGIN DATA
TYPE

0 NONE,NIU
1 CHILD
2 CHILDREN
3 CHILDREN
4 CHILDREN
5 CHILDREN
6 OR MORE CHILDREN

FREC25 1 167 A NUMBER OF FAMILY MEMBERS IN LABOR FORCE
0 NONE
1 FAMILY MEMBER
2 FAMILY MEMBERS
3 OR MORE FAMILY MEMBERS

FREC26 1 168 A SEX AND MARITAL STATUS OF FAMILY HOUSE-
HOLDER AND LABOR FORCE STATUS OF SPOUSE
1 HOUSEHOLDER OR REFERENCE PERSON,
MARRIED SPOUSE PRESENT, SPOUSE
IN THE LABOR FORCE
2 HOUSEHOLDER OR REFERENCE PERSON,
MARRIED SPOUSE PRESENT, SPOUSE
NOT IN LABOR FORCE
3 MALE HOUSEHOLDER OR REFERENCE
PERSON, NO SPOUSE PRESENT
4 FEMALE HOUSEHOLDER OR REFERENCE
PERSON, NO SPOUSE PRESENT

FREC27 1 169 A NUMBER OF EARNERS IN FAMILY
0 NONE
1 EARNER
2 EARNERS
3 EARNERS
4 EARNERS
5 OR MORE EARNERS

FREC31A 1 170 A TYPE A OTHER INCOME RECIPIENCY
1 NONE
2 SOCIAL SECURITY ONLY
3 RAILROAD RETIREMENT ONLY
4 BOTH

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD F			
NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE
FREC31B	1	171	A TYPE B OTHER INCOME RECIPIENCY 1 NONE 2 U S GOV'T 3 STATE OR LOCAL GOV'T 4 BOTH
FREC31C	1	172	A TYPE C OTHER INCOME RECIPIENCY 1 NONE 2 AID TO DEP. CHILDREN 3 OTHER AID 4 BOTH
FREC31D	1	173	A TYPE D OTHER INCOME RECIPIENCY 1 NONE 2 INTEREST
FREC31E	1	174	A TYPE E OTHER INCOME RECIPIENCY 1 NONE 2 DIVIDENDS ONLY 3 RENTAL ONLY 4 ESTATES ONLY 5 DIVIDENDS AND RENTAL 6 DIVIDENDS AND ESTATES 7 RENTAL AND ESTATES 8 DIVIDENDS, RENTAL AND ESTATES
FREC31F	1	175	A TYPE F OTHER INCOME RECIPIENCY 1 NONE 2 VETERAN PAYMENTS ONLY 3 UNEMPLOYMENT COMP. ONLY 4 WORKMENS COMP. ONLY 5 VETERANS AND UNEMP COMP 6 VETERANS AND WORKMENS COMP 7 UNEMP AND WORKMENS COMP 8 VETERANS, UNEMP AND WORKMENS COMP
FREC31G	1	176	A TYPE G OTHER INCOME RECIPIENCY

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD F

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE
		17	SEVENTEENTH 5 PER CENT
		18	EIGHTEENTH 5 PER CENT
		19	NINETEENTH 5 PER CENT
		20	TOP 5 PER CENT
FLOWINC	6	181	A LOW INCOME (POVERTY) CUTOFF DOLLAR AMT 000000 = NIU (PRIMARY AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUAL)
FILLX	2	187	A FILLER
RFAMLIS	1	189	A FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL 1 BELOW POVERTY LEVEL 2 100 - 124 PCT. OF THE POVERTY LEVEL 3 125 - 149 PCT. OF THE POVERTY LEVEL 4 150 AND ABOVE THE POVERTY LEVEL
RPOVLL	2	190	A RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL 01 UNDER .50 02 .50 TO .74 03 .75 TO .99 04 1.00 TO 1.24 05 1.25 TO 1.49 06 1.50 TO 1.74 07 1.75 TO 1.99 08 2.00 TO 2.49 09 2.50 TO 2.99 10 3.00 TO 3.49 11 3.50 TO 3.99 12 4.00 TO 4.49 13 4.50 TO 4.99 14 5.00 AND OVER
RFINCM2	2	192	A FAMILY INCOME RECODE 00 NIU 01 NONE 02 LOSS

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	RECORD F	
FSUPWGT	11/-2	196	A		FAMILY WEIGHT
FWIFEINX	2	207	A		INDEX IN PERSON RECORD OF FAMILY WIFE NO WIFE 1-39 LINE NUMBER FOR WIFE PERSON RECORD (SEE PPOS ON FORMAT P)
FHUSBINX	2	209	A		INDEX IN PERSON RECORD OF FAMILY HUSBAND NO HUSBAND 1-39 LINE NUMBER FOR HUSBAND ON PERSON RECORD (SEE PPOS ON FORMAT P)
FILL7	120	211	A		FILLER
FFRECTYP	1	331	A		FAMILY RECORD TYPE FAMILY RECORD
FILL8	29	332	A		FILLER

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	
		5	AT SCHOOL	NILF
		6	UNABLE	NILF
		7	OTHER (RETIRED)	NILF
BEXPLF	1	13	A	EXPERIENCED LABOR FORCE STATUS(EDITED) NIU, NOT IN EXPERIENCED LABOR FORCE
		0		EMPLOYED
		1		UNEMPLOYED
		2		
BFULLPAR	1	14	A	FULL-PART TIME STATUS RECODE NIU, NOT IN LABOR FORCE
		0		EMPLOYED FULL TIME
		1		PART TIME FOR ECONOMIC REASONS
		2		UNEMPLOYED FULL TIME
		3		EMPLOYED PART TIME
		4		UNEMPLOYED PART TIME
		5		
BITEM19X	1	15	A	MAJOR ACTIVITY (LAST WEEK)
		0		NIU
		1		WORKING
		2		WITH A JOB BUT NOT AT WORK
		3		LOOKING FOR WORK
		4		KEEPING HOUSE
		5		AT SCHOOL
		6		UNABLE TO WORK
		7		RETIRED (EXPANDED FROM BASIC CPS)
		8		OTHER
DITEM20A	2	16	A	HOURS WORKED (LAST WEEK) UNIVERSE IS ESR=1
				ESR IS EMPLOYMENT STATUS RECODE
				AT BEGIN POSITION 12
		00		NIU
DIT20CYN	1	18	A	USUALLY WORKED 35 HRS PER WEEK UNIVERSE IS ESR=1 AND ITEM20A LT 35 HRS

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

SIZE/
SCALE BEGIN DATA
TYPE

NAME

0 NIU
1 YES
2 NO

DIT20CRN 2 19 A REASON NOT WORKING 35 HRS PER WEEK
UNIVERSE IS ESR=1 AND ITEM20A LT 35 HRS
NIU
00 SLACK
01 MATERIAL SHORTAGE
02 PLANT OR MACHINE REPAIR
03 NEW JOB STARTED DURING WEEK
04 JOB TERMINATED DURING WEEK
05 COULD FIND ONLY PART TIME WORK
06 HOLIDAY
07 LABOR DISPUTE
08 BAD WEATHER
09 OWN ILLNESS
10 ON VACATION
11 TOO BUSY WITH HOUSE, SCHOOL, ETC.
12 DID NOT WANT FULL TIME WORK
13 FULL TIME WORK WEEK LESS THAN 35 HRS
14 OTHER
15

DITEM21A 1 21 A WHY NOT AT WORK LAST WEEK
UNIVERSE IS ESR=2,3
ESR IS EMPLOYMENT STATUS RECODE
AT BEGIN POSITION 12
NIU
0 OWN ILLNESS ESR=2
1 ON VACATION ESR=2
2 BAD WEATHER ESR=2
3 LABOR DISPUTE ESR=2
4 NEW JOB, BEGIN 30 DAYSESR=3
5 TEMPORARY LAYOFF ESR=3
6 INDEFINITE LAYOFF ESR=3
7 OTHER ESR=2
8

DITEM21B 1 22 A GETTING PAID FOR TIME OFF LAST WEEK
UNIVERSE IS ESR=2

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE
DITEM21C	1	23	A
		0	NIU
		1	YES
		2	NO
		3	SELF-EMPLOYED
			USUALLY WORK 35+ HRS PER WEEK AT JOB UNIVERSE IS ESR=2
		0	NIU
		1	YES
		2	NO
DITM22A1	1	24	A
		0	CHKD PUBLIC EMPLOY AGENCY TO FIND WORK UNIVERSE IS ESR=3
		1	NC,NIU
			YES
DITM22A2	1	25	A
		0	CHKD PRIVATE EMPLOY AGENCY TO FIND WOR UNIVERSE IS ESR=3
		1	NC,NIU
			YES
DITM22A3	1	26	A
		0	CHKD EMPLOYER DIRECTLY TO FIND WORK UNIVERSE IS ESR=3
		1	NC,NIU
			YES
DITM22A4	1	27	A
		0	CHKD WITH FRIENDS TO FIND WORK UNIVERSE IS ESR=3
		1	NC,NIU
			YES
DITM22A5	1	28	A
		0	PLACED OR ANSWERED ADS TO FIND WORK UNIVERSE IS ESR=3
		1	NC,NIU
			YES

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	RECORD P	
DITM22A6	1	29	A		DID NOTHING TO FIND WORK UNIVERSE IS ESR=4 TO 7 NC,NIU YES 0 1
DITM22A7	1	30	A		OTHER METHOD USED TO FIND WORK UNIVERSE IS ESR=3 NC,NIU YES 0 1
DITM24D1	1	31	A		BELIEVE NO WORK AVAILABLE NOT LOOKING UNIVERSE IS DEFINED ON CIVILIAN AGE 14+, MONTH IN SAMPLE 4 OR 8, ESR CODES 4 TO 7, AND ITEM20C CODES 1 OR 2 NC,NIU YES 0 1
DITM24D2	1	32	A		COULD NOT FIND ANY WORK UNIVERSE IS DEFINED ON CIVILIAN AGE 14+, MONTH IN SAMPLE 4 OR 8, ESR CODES 4 TO 7, AND ITEM20C CODES 1 OR 2 NC,NIU YES 0 1
DITM24D3	1	33	A		LACKS NECESSARY SCHOOLING UNIVERSE IS DEFINED ON CIVILIAN AGE 14+, MONTH IN SAMPLE 4 OR 8, ESR CODES 4 TO 7, AND ITEM20C CODES 1 OR 2 NC,NIU YES 0 1
DITM24D4	1	34	A		EMPLOYERS THINK TOO YOUNG OR OLD UNIVERSE IS DEFINED ON CIVILIAN AGE 14+, MONTH IN SAMPLE 4 OR 8, ESR CODES 4 TO 7, AND ITEM20C CODES 1 OR 2 NC,NIU YES 0 1

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	RECORD P		DATA TYPE	
		BEGIN			
DITM24D5	1	35	A	PERSONAL HANDICAP UNIVERSE IS DEFINED ON CIVILIAN AGE 14+, MONTH IN SAMPLE 4 OR 8, ESR CODES 4 TO 7, AND ITEM20C CODES 1 OR 2 0 1 NC,NIU YES	
DITM24D6	1	36	A	CANNOT ARRANGE CHILD CARE UNIVERSE IS DEFINED ON CIVILIAN AGE 14+, MONTH IN SAMPLE 4 OR 8, ESR CODES 4 TO 7, AND ITEM20C CODES 1 OR 2 0 1 NC,NIU YES	
DITM24D7	1	37	A	FAMILY RESPONSIBILITIES UNIVERSE IS DEFINED ON CIVILIAN AGE 14+, MONTH IN SAMPLE 4 OR 8, ESR CODES 4 TO 7, AND ITEM20C CODES 1 OR 2 0 1 NC,NIU YES	
DITM24D8	1	38	A	IN SCHOOL OR OTHER TRAINING UNIVERSE IS DEFINED ON CIVILIAN AGE 14+, MONTH IN SAMPLE 4 OR 8, ESR CODES 4 TO 7, AND ITEM20C CODES 1 OR 2 0 1 NC,NIU YES	
DITM24D9	1	39	A	ILL HEALTH OR OTHER PHYSICAL DISABIL UNIVERSE IS DEFINED ON CIVILIAN AGE 14+, MONTH IN SAMPLE 4 OR 8, ESR CODES 4 TO 7, AND ITEM20C CODES 1 OR 2 0 1 NC,NIU YES	
DIT24D10	1	40	A	OTHER	

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	RECORD P		DATA TYPE	UNIVERSE IS DEFINED ON CIVILIAN AGE 14+, MONTH IN SAMPLE 4 OR 8, ESR CODES 4 TO 7, AND ITEM20C CODES 1 OR 2
		BEGIN	END		
DIT24D11	1	41	A	0	NC.NIU
		1		1	YES
DITEM22B	1	42	A	0	DO NOT KNOW
		1		1	UNIVERSE IS DEFINED ON CIVILIAN AGE 14+, MONTH IN SAMPLE 4 OR 8, ESR CODES 4 TO 7, AND ITEM20C CODES 1 OR 2 NC.NIU YES
DITEM22C	2	43	A	0	WHY STARTED LOOKING FOR WORK
		1		1	UNIVERSE IS ESR=3 ITEM21A NOT EQUAL 6 OR 7 NIU LOST JOB QUIT JOB LEFT SCHOOL WANTED TEMPORARY WORK OTHER
DITEM22D	1	45	A	0	WEEKS LOOKING FOR WORK
		1		1	UNIVERSE IS ESR=3 00 = NIU
DITM22E1	1	46	A	0	LOOKING FOR FULL OR PART-TIME WORK
		1		1	UNIVERSE IS ESR=3 NIU FULL TIME PART TIME
DITM22E1	1	46	A	0	ANY REASON COULD NOT TAKE JOB
		1		1	UNIVERSE IS ESR=3 NIU YES NO

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

SIZE/
SCALE BEGIN DATA
TYPE TYPE

NAME

DITM22E2

1 47 A REASON COULD NOT TAKE WORK LAST WEEK
UNIVERSE IS U1 OR U2,
U1 IS ESR=3 AND ITEM22E1=1
U2 IS ESR=4 TO 7
NIU
0 ALREADY HAD A JOB -- U1
1 TEMPORARY ILLNESS -- U1
2 GOING TO SCHOOL -- U2
3 OTHER -- U2
4

DITEM22F

1 48 A WHEN LAST WORKED FULL TIME 2 WKS OR MORE
UNIVERSE IS ESR=3
NIU
0 IN LAST 5 YRS
1 BEFORE LAST 5 YRS
2 NEVER WORKED FULL TIME 2+ WKS
3 NEVER WORKED AT ALL
4

DINDUSTR

3 49 A INDUSTRY (CURRENT JOB)
UNIVERSE IS ESR=1,2,3 OR ESR=4 TO 7
AND MONTH IN SAMPLE IS 4 OR 8 AND
ITEM24A IS 1 TO 5
000 = NIU OR NC
(SEE APPENDIX A1 FOR INDUSTRY CODES)

RECODIND

2 52 A INDUSTRY RECODE (CURRENT JOB)
SEE APPENDIX A2

00 NIU
01 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION
02 AGRICULTURAL SERVICES
03 MINING
04 CONSTRUCTION
05 ORDNANCE
06 LUMBER
07 FURNITURE
08 STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS
09 PRIMARY METALS
10 FABRICATED METALS (INC. NOT SPECIFIED)
11 MACHINERY, EXC. ELECT.
12 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT
13 AUTOMOBILES

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

NAME SIZE/ SCALE BEGIN DATA TYPE

14	AIRCRAFT
15	OTHER TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT
16	INSTRUMENTS
17	MISCELLANEOUS
18	FOOD
19	TOBACCO
20	TEXTILES
21	APPAREL
22	PAPER
23	PRINTING
24	CHEMICALS
25	PETROLEUM
26	RUBBER AND PLASTICS
27	LEATHER AND NOT SPEC. MFG.
28	RAILROAD AND RAILWAY EXPRESS
29	OTHER TRANSPORTATION
30	COMMUNICATIONS
31	OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES
32	WHOLESALE
33	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES
34	OTHER RETAIL
35	BANKING AND OTHER FINANCE
36	INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
37	PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD SERVICE
38	BUSINESS
39	REPAIR
40	PERSONAL SERVICES, EXC. PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS
41	ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION
42	MEDICAL, EXC. HOSPITALS
43	HOSPITALS
44	WELFARE AND RELIGIOUS
45	EDUCATIONAL
46	OTHER PROFESSIONAL
47	FORESTRY AND FISHERIES
48	POSTAL
49	OTHER FEDERAL
50	STATE
51	LOCAL
52	NEVER WORKED

RECODOCC

2

54

A

OCCUPATION RECODE (CURRENT JOB)
SEE APPENDIX B2

00
01
02
03

NIU
ENGINEERS
PHYSICIANS, DENTISTS : RELATED PRACTITIONER
HEALTH WORKERS, EXC. PRACTITIONERS

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

NAME SIZE/ SCALE BEGIN DATA TYPE

04	TEACHERS, EXC. COLLEGE
05	ENGINEERING AND SCIENCE TECHNICIAN
06	OTHER PROFESSIONAL--SALARIED
07	OTHER PROFESSIONAL--SELF-EMPLOYED
08	SALARIED--MANUFACTURING
09	SALARIED--OTHER INDUSTRIES
10	SELF-EMPLOYED--RETAIL TRADE
11	SELF-EMPLOYED--OTHER
12	RETAIL TRADE
13	OTHER
14	BOOKKEEPERS
15	OFFICE MACHINE OPERATORS
16	STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS, AND SECRET
17	OTHER CLERICAL WORKERS
18	CARPENTERS
19	OTHER CONSTRUCTION CRAFTSMEN
20	FOREMEN (N.E.C.)
21	MACHINISTS AND JOB SETTERS
22	METAL CRAFTSMEN, EXC. MECHANICS,
23	MECHANICS--AUTO
24	MECHANICS, EXCEPT AUTO
25	ALL OTHER CRAFTSMEN
26	MINE WORKERS
27	MOTOR VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT
28	OTHER DURABLE GOODS
29	NONDURABLE GOODS
30	ALL OTHER
31	DRIVERS AND DELIVERYMEN
32	ALL OTHER
33	CONSTRUCTION
34	MANUFACTURING
35	ALL OTHER
36	PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD WORKERS
37	CLEANING SERVICE
38	FOOD SERVICE
39	HEALTH SERVICE
40	PERSONAL SERVICE
41	PROTECTIVE SERVICE
42	FARMERS AND FARM MANAGERS
43	PAID LABORERS AND SUPERVISORS
44	UNPAID FAMILY LABORERS
45	NEVER WORKED

DOCCUPAT

3

56

A

OCCUPATION CODE (CURRENT JOB)
UNIVERSE IS ESR=1,2, OR 3 OR ESR=4-7
AND MONTH IN SAMPLE IS 4 OR 8 AND

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	RECORD P
BAITM20A	1	69	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM20C	1	70	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM21A	1	71	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM21B	1	72	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM21C	1	73	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM22C	1	74	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM22F	1	75	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM22D	1	76	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM24B	1	77	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM24A	1	78	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM24C	1	79	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM24D	1	80	A	ALLOCATION FLAG

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

		RECORD P		
NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	
BAITM22A	1	81	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM22E	1	82	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
FILL9	1	83	A	FILLER
BAITM22B	1	84	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BAITM24E	1	85	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
FILL10	4	86	A	FILLER
BAESR	1	90	A	ALLOCATION FLAG
BWEIGHT	11/-2	91	A	BASIC CPS WEIGHT CIVILIANS 14 AND OVER 0=NIU, N=BASIC CPS WGT SPANISH POPULATION WHICH IS OVER SAMPLED HAS WEIGHT OF BLANK OR 0
POPSTAT	1	102	A	POPULATION TYPE ITEM25A NONINTERVIEW RECORD 0 1 CIVILIAN 15+ 2 ARMED FORCES 3 CHILDREN
RELHEAD	1	103	A	RELATIONSHIP TO HOUSEHOLDER HOUSEHOLDER WITH OTHER RELATIVES 1

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

NAME SIZE/ SCALE BEGIN DATA TYPE

2 NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDER
3 SPOUSE OF HOUSEHOLDER
4 CHILD OF HOUSEHOLDER
5 OTHER RELATIVE OF HOUSEHOLDER
6 UNRELATED SUBFAMILY MEMBER
7 UNRELATED INDIVIDUAL

TYPEBOX 1 104 A FAMILY TYPE

0 FAMILY
1 UNRELATED INDIVIDUAL
2 UNRELATED SUBFAMILY MEMBER
3 RELATED SUBFAMILY
4 NONFAMILY HOUSEHOLDER

FAMNUMBE 1 105 A FAMILY NUMBER
0 NOT IN RELATED OR UNRELATED SUBFAMILY
1-6 RELATED OR UNRELATED SUBFAMILY

FAMREL 1 106 A FAMILY RELATIONSHIP
0 NOT IN RELATED OR UNRELATED SUBFAMILY
1 HOUSEHOLDER (RELATED OR UNRELATED SUBFAMILY)
2 SPOUSE (RELATED OR UNRELATED SUBFAMILY)
3 CHILD (RELATED OR UNRELATED SUBFAMILY)
4 OTHER RELATIVE (RELATED SUBFAMILY)

MARSTAT 1 107 A MARITAL STATUS
1 MARRIED, CIVILIAN SPOUSE PRESENT
2 MARRIED, AF SPOUSE PRESENT
3 MARRIED, AF SPOUSE ABSENT
4 MARRIED, SPOUSE ABSENT
5 WIDOWED
6 DIVORCED
7 SEPARATED
8 NEVER MARRIED
(INCLUDES UNDER 14 YEARS)

SEX 1 108 A SEX

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

SIZE/
SCALE BEGIN DATA
TYPE

NAME

1 MALE
2 FEMALE

RACE

1

109

A

RACE

1 WHITE
2 BLACK
3 OTHER

AGE

2

110

A

AGE IN SINGLE YEARS

VET

1

112

A

VETERAN STATUS
FEMALES, CHILDREN UNDER 14
VIETNAM ERA
KOREAN
WW II
WW I
OTHER SERVICE
NON-VETERAN

ETHNICIT

2

113

A

SPANISH ETHNICITY
MEXICAN AMERICAN
CHICANO
MEXICAN
MEXICANO
PUERTO RICAN
CUBAN
CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN
OTHER SPANISH
ANOTHER GROUP NOT LISTED
DONT KNOW
NOT AVAILABLE

HIGHGRAD

2

115

A

HIGHEST GRADE ATTENDED
CHILDREN UNDER 15
NONE
ELEMENTARY ONE
ELEMENTARY TWO
ELEMENTARY THREE

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

NAME SIZE/
SCALE BEGIN DATA
TYPE

0 NIU
1 ILL OR DISABLED
2 TAKING CARE OF HOME/FAMILY
3 GOING TO SCHOOL
4 COULD NOT FIND WORK
5 IN ARMED FORCES
6 RETIRED
7 OTHER

I34WK 2 134 A WEEKS WORKED LAST YEAR
NIU
1-52 NUMBER WEEKS (PART-TIME OR FULL-TIME)

I38 2 136 A HOURS PER WEEK WORKED LAST YEAR
NIU

I39 1 138 A NUMBER OF EMPLOYERS LAST YEAR
NIU
0 1 EMPLOYER LAST YEAR
1 2 EMPLOYERS
2 3+ EMPLOYERS
3

I40 1 139 A LOOKED FOR WORK IN BETWEEN JOBS
NIU
0 YES, DID LOOK FOR WORK BETWEEN JOBS
1 NO
2

I42 1 140 A LOST FULL WEEKS WORK DUE TO WORK LAYOFF
NIU
0 YES, LOST WORK DUE TO LAYOFF OR LOST
1 NO
2

I43N 1 141 A WEEKS LOOKING OR ON LAYOFF
NIU/NC
0 NONE CODED
1

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	RECORD P		DATA TYPE	
		BEGIN			
I50CW	1	150	A	CLASS OF WORKER (LONGEST JOB LAST YEAR)	
		0		NIU	
		1		PRIVATE	
		2		FEDERAL GOV'T	
		3		STATE GOV'T	
		4		LOCAL GOV'T	
		5		SE - INCORPORATED	
		6		SELF-EMPLOYED OR FARM	
		7		WITHOUT PAY	
I50IND	3	151	A	INDUSTRY CODE (LONGEST JOB LAST YEAR)	
				SEE APPENDIX A1	
I50OCC	3	154	A	OCCUPATION CODE (LONGEST JOB LAST YEAR)	
				SEE APPENDIX B1	
I51AWS	1	157	A	WAGE AND SALARY RECIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I51BSE	1	158	A	SELF-EMPLOYMENT RECIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I51CFR	1	159	A	FARM INCOME RECIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I52ASS	1	160	A	SOCIAL SECURITY RECIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

		RECORD P			
NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE		
I52ARR	1	161	A	RAILROAD RETIREMENT RECIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I52BUS	1	162	A	U.S. GOV'T RECIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I52BSL	1	163	A	STATE AND LOCAL GOV'T RECIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I53AADC	1	164	A	AID TO DEPENDENT CHILDREN RECIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I53AOTH	1	165	A	OTHER PUBLIC ASSISTANCE RECIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I53BINT	1	166	A	INTEREST RECIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I53CDIV	1	167	A	DIVIDENDS RECIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	RECORD P	DATA TYPE	
I53CRENT	1	168	A	RENT AND ROYALTIES RECEIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I53CEST	1	169	A	ESTATES AND TRUSTS RECEIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I53DVP	1	170	A	VETERANS PAYMENTS RECEIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I53DUC	1	171	A	UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION RECEIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I53DWC	1	172	A	WORKMANS COMPENSATION RECEIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I53EPP	1	173	A	PRIVATE PENSIONS RECEIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	
I53EMR	1	174	A	MILITARY RETIREMENT RECEIPIENCY	
		0		NIU	
		1		YES	
		2		NO	

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	
I53FEG	1	175	A	FEDERAL GOV'T PENSION RECIPIENCY NIU YES NO
I53ELG	1	176	A	STATE AND LOCAL GOV'T PENSION RECIPIENCY NIU YES NO
I53FAL	1	177	A	ALIMONY AND CHILD SUPPORT RECIPIENCY NIU YES NO
I53FREG	1	178	A	OTHER REGULAR CONTRIBUTION RECIPIENCY NIU YES NO
I53FAE	1	179	A	ANYTHING ELSE RECIPIENCY NIU YES NO
INCWSFLA	1	180	A	WS-FLAG INCWSFLA THRU INCCSFLA ARE FLAGS INDICATING WHETHER THE CORRESPONDING ITEMS HAVE BEEN ALLOC. FOR THE INCOME FIELDS FROM QUESTIONS 151, 152 AND 153 NO ALLOCATION INCOME AMOUNT ALLOCATED RECIPIENCY TYPE ALLOCATED INCOME AND RECIPIENCY TYPE ALLOCATED

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P			
NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE
INCDIVFL	1	187	A
		0	DIVIDEND FLAG
		1	NO ALLOCATION
		2	INCOME AMOUNT ALLOCATED
		3	RECIPIENCY TYPE ALLOCATED
			INCOME AND RECIPIENCY TYPE ALLOCATED
INCVFLA	1	188	A
		0	VETERANS PAYMENTS FLAG
		1	NO ALLOCATION
		2	INCOME AMOUNT ALLOCATED
		3	RECIPIENCY TYPE ALLOCATED
			INCOME AND RECIPIENCY TYPE ALLOCATED
INCRETFL	1	189	A
		0	RETIREMENT INCOME FLAG
		1	NO ALLOCATION
		2	INCOME AMOUNT ALLOCATED
		3	RECIPIENCY TYPE ALLOCATED
			INCOME AND RECIPIENCY TYPE ALLOCATED
INCCSFLA	1	190	A
		0	CHILD SUPPORT - FLAG
		1	NO ALLOCATION
		2	INCOME AMOUNT ALLOCATED
		3	RECIPIENCY TYPE ALLOCATED
			INCOME AND RECIPIENCY TYPE ALLOCATED
I51A	5	191	A
			WAGES OR SALARIES
			VALUE RANGES FROM 00000 TO 50000
I51B	6	196	A
			SELF EMPLOYMENT INCOME
			LEADING '1' INDICATES LOSS
			VALUE RANGES FROM -99999 TO 050000
I51C	6	202	A
			FARM INCOME
			LEADING '1' INDICATES LOSS
			VALUE RANGES FROM -99999 TO 50000

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	RECORD P	
I52A	5	208	A		INCOME FROM U.S. GOV'T VALUE RANGES FROM 00000 TO 19999
I52B	4	213	A		SUPPLEMENTAL SECURITY INCOME VALUE RANGES FROM 0000 TO 5999
I53A	5	217	A		PUBLIC ASSISTANCE AMOUNT VALUE RANGES FROM 00000 TO 19999
I53B	5	222	A		INTEREST AMOUNT VALUE RANGES FROM 00000 TO 50000
I53C	6	227	A		DIVIDENDS, RENTALS, TRUST INCOME LEADING '...' INDICATES LOSS VALUE RANGES FROM -99999 TO 050000
I53D	5	233	A		VETERANS, UNEMPLOYMENT, WORKMAN'S COMP VALUE RANGES FROM 00000 TO 29999
I53E	5	238	A		PENSION INCOME VALUE RANGES FROM 00000 TO 50000
I53F	5	243	A		ALIMONY, CHILD SUPPORT, OTHER INCOME VALUE RANGES FROM 00000 TO 50000
PINCTOT	7	248	A		PERSONAL INCOME TOTAL VALUE RANGES FROM -150000 TO 0500000

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	RECORD P	
PINCEARN	7	255	A		TOTAL EARNINGS VALUE RANGES FROM -150000 TO 0150000
PINCOTH	7	262	A		TOTAL OTHER INCOME VALUE RANGES FROM -150000 TO 0350000
FLAG51A	1	269	A		TOP CODED FLAG FLAG51A THRU FLPINOTH ARE FLAGS INDICATING THAT THE CORRESPONDING ITEM HAS BEEN TOP-CODED FOR CONFIDENTIALITY 0 NOT TOP CODED 1 TOP CODED
FLAG51B	1	270	A		TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED 1 TOP CODED
FLAG51C	1	271	A		TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED 1 TOP CODED
FLAG52A	1	272	A		TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED 1 TOP CODED
FLAG52B	1	273	A		TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED 1 TOP CODED
FLAG53A	1	274	A		TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED 1 TOP CODED

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

				RECORD	P
NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE		
FLAG53B	1	275	A TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED TOP CODED	0 1	
FLAG53C	1	276	A TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED TOP CODED	0 1	
FLAG53D	1	277	A TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED TOP CODED	0 1	
FLAG53E	1	278	A TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED TOP CODED	0 1	
FLAG53F	1	279	A TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED TOP CODED	0 1	
FLPINTOT	1	280	A TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED TOP CODED	0 1	
FLPINERN	1	281	A TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED TOP CODED	0 1	
FLPINOTH	1	282	A TOP CODED FLAG NOT TOP CODED TOP CODED	0 1	

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	RECORD P		DATA TYPE	
		BEGIN			
FILL11	6	283	A	FILLER	
PLOWINC	6	289	A	LOW INCOME (POVERTY) CUT-OFF DOLLAR AMT NIU, PERSONS LESS THAN 65	
RBEMPST	1	295	A	LABOR FORCE RECODE 1	
		0		NIU	
		1		FULL TIME	
		2		PART TIME	
		3		UNEMPLOYED EXPERIENCED	
		4		UNEMPLOYED NOT EXPERIENCED	
		5		ARMED FORCES	
		6		NOT IN LABOR FORCE	
REMPSTA	1	296	A	LABOR FORCE RECODE 2	
		0		NIU	
		1		NOT IN LABOR FORCE	
		2		UNEMPLOYED	
		3		NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	
		4		AGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	
RHHDFMS	2	297	A	HOUSEHOLD RECODE 1	
		01		HOUSEHOLDER	
		02		SPOUSE OF FAMILY HOUSEHOLDER	
		03		CHILD, UNDER 18 REFERENCE PERSON OF RELATED SUBFAMILY	
		04		CHILD, UNDER 18, NOT IN A RELATED SUBFAMILY	
		05		CHILD, UNDER 18 EVER MARRIED REFERENCE PERSON OF RELATED SUBFAMILY	
		06		CHILD UNDER 18 EVER MARRIED SPOUSE RELATED SUBFAMILY	
		07		CHILD UNDER 18 EVER MARRIED NOT IN RELATED SUBFAMILY	
		08		18+ NEVER MARRIED, REFERENCE PERSON OF RELATED SUBFAMILY	
		09		18+ NEVER MARRIED, NOT IN A RELATED SUBFAMILY	
		10		13+ EVER MARRIED REFERENCE PERSON OF RELATED SUBFAMILY	

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

SIZE/
SCALE BEGIN DATA
TYPE

NAME

RWEWKRS 1 309 A PART-FULL TIME RECODE
0 NIU
1 FULL TIME (FULL YEAR WORKER)
2 PART TIME (FULL YEAR WORKER)
3 FULL TIME (PART YEAR WORKER)
4 PART TIME (PART YEAR WORKER)
5 NONWORKER

RWELKNW 1 310 A WORK RECODE 1
WORK EXPERIENCE WEEKS LOOKING -
NON-WORKERS
0 NIU
1 NONE (NOT LOOKING FOR WORK)
2 1 TO 4 WEEKS LOOKING
3 5 TO 14 WEEKS LOOKING
4 15 TO 26 WEEKS LOOKING
5 27 TO 39 WEEKS LOOKING
6 40 OR MORE WEEKS LOOKING
7 WORKERS

RWEUEMP 1 311 A WORK RECODE 2
PART YEAR WORKER WEEKS LOOKING
0 NIU
1 NONE
2 1 TO 4 WEEKS
3 5 TO 10 WEEKS
4 11 TO 14 WEEKS
5 15 TO 26 WEEKS
6 27 TO 39 WEEKS
7 40 OR MORE WEEKS
8 FULL YEAR WORKER
9 NONWORKER

RPYRSN 1 312 A WORK RECODE 3
PART YEAR WORKER WEEKS LOOKING
0 NIU
1 UNEMPLOYED
2 ILL OR DISABLED
3 KEEPING HOUSE
4 GOING TO SCHOOL
5 ARMED FORCES

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

SIZE/
SCALE BEGIN DATA
TYPE

NAME

09 FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE
10 BUSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES
11 PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD
12 EXCEPT PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD
13 ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION SERVICE
14 PROFESSIONAL AND RELATED SERVICES
15 PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION
16 NO PREVIOUS FULL-TIME WORK EXPERIENC

RWE0CC

2

318

A

DETAILED OCCUPATION RECODE 3

00 NIU
01 ENGINEERS
02 PHYSICIANS, DENTISTS : RELATED PRACTITIONERS
03 HEALTH WORKERS, EXC. PRACTITIONERS
04 TEACHERS, EXC. COLLEGE
05 ENGINEERING AND SCIENCE TECHNICIAN
06 OTHER PROFESSIONAL--SALARIED
07 OTHER PROFESSIONAL--SELF-EMPLOYED
08 SALARIED--MANUFACTURING
09 SALARIED--OTHER INDUSTRIES
10 SELF-EMPLOYED--RETAIL TRADE
11 SELF-EMPLOYED--OTHER
12 RETAIL TRADE
13 OTHER
14 BOOKKEEPERS
15 OFFICE MACHINE OPERATORS
16 STENOGRAPHERS, TYPISTS, AND SECRETARIES
17 OTHER CLERICAL WORKERS
18 CARPENTERS
19 OTHER CONSTRUCTION CRAFTSMEN
20 FOREMEN (N.E.C.)
21 MACHINISTS AND JOB SETTERS
22 METAL CRAFTSMEN, EXC. MECHANICS, MACHINISTS & JOB SETTERS
23 MECHANICS--AUTO
24 MECHANICS, EXCEPT AUTO
25 ALL OTHER CRAFTSMEN
26 MINE WORKERS
27 MOTOR VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT
28 OTHER DURABLE GOODS
29 NONDURABLE GOODS
30 ALL OTHER
31 DRIVERS AND DELIVERYMEN
32 ALL OTHER
33 CONSTRUCTION
34 MANUFACTURING
35 ALL OTHER

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

NAME SIZE/ SCALE BEGIN DATA TYPE

16	INSTRUMENTS
17	MISCELLANEOUS
18	FOOD
19	TOBACCO
20	TEXTILES
21	APPAREL
22	PAPER
23	PRINTING
24	CHEMICALS
25	PETROLEUM
26	RUBBER AND PLASTICS
27	LEATHER AND NOT SPEC. MFR.
28	RAILROAD AND RAILWAY EXPRESS
29	OTHER TRANSPORTATION
30	COMMUNICATIONS
31	OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES
32	WHOLESALE
33	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES
34	OTHER RETAIL
35	BANKING AND OTHER FINANCE
36	INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
37	PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD SERVICE
38	BUSINESS
39	REPAIR
40	PERSONAL SERVICES, EXC. PRIVATE HOUSEHOLD
41	ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION
42	MEDICAL, EXC. HOSPITALS
43	HOSPITALS
44	WELFARE AND RELIGIOUS
45	EDUCATIONAL
46	OTHER PROFESSIONAL
47	FORESTRY AND FISHERIES
48	POSTAL
49	OTHER FEDERAL
50	STATE
51	LOCAL
52	NEVER WORKED

RPINCOM	2	324	A	PERSON'S INCOME RECODE
				NIU
		00		NONE
		01		LOSS
		02		\$1 TO \$999
		03		\$1,000 TO \$1,999
		04		\$2,000 TO \$2,499
		05		\$2,500 TO \$2,999
		06		

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

SIZE/
SCALE BEGIN DATA
TYPE

NAME

PENSION AND PROPERTY INCOME ONLY
SOCIAL SECURITY AND PUBLIC ASSISTANCE
SOCIAL SECURITY AND PROPERTY INCOME
SOCIAL SECURITY AND PENSION INCOME ON
SOCIAL SECURITY, PENSIONS, : PROPERTY
ALL OTHER COMBINATIONS
NO INCOME

RGENMOB 1 328 A MIGRATION - RESIDENCE 1975 TO 1980

1 NONMOVER
2 DIFFERENT HOUSE SAME COUNTY
3 DIFFERENT COUNTY, SAME STATE: SMSA
4 DIFFERENT COUNTY, SAME STATE DIF SMSA
5 DIFF COUNTY, DIF STATE, CONTIG
6 DIFF COUNTY, DIF STATE NONCONTIG
7 MOVERS FROM ABROAD
8 NOT IN MIGRATION SAMPLE
9 MOVED WITHIN SAME STATE, DIFF. CNTY.

RMIGREG 1 329 A REGION OF RESIDENCE IN 1975 - MIGRATION

1 NORTHEAST
2 NORTH CENTRAL
3 SOUTH
4 WEST
5 ABROAD
6 NOT IN MIGRATION SAMPLE

RUACPLDS 1 330 A SMSA RESIDENCE IN 1975 RECODE
0 NIU, NONMOVER
1 CENTRAL CITY
2 SMSA BALANCE
3 NON SMSA
4 NOT IDENTIFIABLE

PPRECTYP 1 331 A PERSON RECORD TYPE
3 PERSON RECORD

LINENO 2 332 A LINE NUMBER

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	
PENSPLAN	1	343	A	ABROAD TO NON SMSA NIU (CHILDREN + 2 YRS OLD) NOT IDENTIFIABLE EXISTENCE OF PENSION PLAN BY EMPLOYER 0 NOT IN UNIVERSE 1 EMPLOYER HAS PENSION PLAN 2 EMPLOYER DID NOT HAVE PENSION PLAN
INCLINPP	1	344	A	INCLUDED IN PENSION PLAN AT WORK NOT IN UNIVERSE 0 YES 1 YES 2 NO
INCLINGH	1	345	A	INCLUDED IN EMPLOYER GROUP HEALTH PLAN NOT IN UNIVERSE 0 YES 1 YES 2 NO
PAIDGH	1	346	A	EMPLOYER HELPED PAY FOR GROUP HEALTH PLAN NOT IN UNIVERSE 0 YES 1 YES 2 NO
WHOELSGH	1	347	A	OTHER PERSONS COVERED BY GROUP HEALTH PLAN NOT IN UNIVERSE 0 SPOUSE ALSO COVERED 1 CHILD(REN) ALSO COVERED 2 SPOUSE AND CHILD(REN) ALSO COVERED 3 NO ONE ELSE COVERED 4 OTHER COMEINATION OF PERSONS ALSO 5 COVERED
COVERGH	1	348	A	COVERED BY GROUP HEALTH (EDITED) 1 YES 2 NO

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	RECORD P	DATA TYPE	
HAVEMDCR	1	349	A	COVERED BY MEDICARE NOT IN UNIVERSE	0 1 2
COVMEDCR	1	350	A	COVERED BY MEDICARE (EDITED)	1 2
HAVEMDCD	1	351	A	COVERED BY MEDICAID NOT IN UNIVERSE	0 1 2
COVMEDCD	1	352	A	COVERED BY MEDICAID (EDITED)	1 2
HAVECPYN	1	353	A	COVERED BY CHAMPUS OR MILITARY HEALTH CARE NOT IN UNIVERSE	0 1 2
COVERCP	1	354	A	COVERED BY CHAMPUS OR MILITARY HEALTH CARE (EDITED)	1 2
HAVEHIYN	1	355	A	OTHER HEALTH INSURANCE NOT IN UNIVERSE	0 1 2

CPSMAR80 DATA DICTIONARY

RECORD P

NAME	SIZE/ SCALE	BEGIN	DATA TYPE	
COVERHI	1	356	A	COVERED BY OTHER HEALTH INSURANCE (EDITED)
		1		YES
		2		NO
WHOELSHI	1	357	A	OTHER PERSONS COVERED BY HEALTH INSURANCE
		0		NOT IN UNIVERSE
		1		SPOUSE ALSO COVERED
		2		CHILD(REN) ALSO COVERED
		3		SPOUSE AND CHILD(REN) ALSO COVERED
		4		NO ONE ELSE COVERED
		5		OTHER COMBINATION ALSO COVERED
FILL13	3	358		FILLER



QUESTIONNAIRE FACSIMILE

March, 1980 Basic CPS Questionnaire

March, 1980 March Supplement
Questionnaire (CPS-665)

INTRODUCTION

As has been the case for many years, the Current Population Survey, March 1980 includes supplemental questions concerning work experience, income, and migration. The information obtained in this supplement provides some of the most widely used socioeconomic measures released by the Bureau of the Census.

The Bureau is constantly trying to find ways of improving data quality without increasing the workload of the CPS interviewer. In April, 1978 the CPS supplement constituted a test of a new questionnaire and procedures for collecting income and work experience information. The results of the test were encouraging. However, an abrupt change from the "traditional" collection procedures to the new procedures based on such a small test (only one rotation group) was not advisable. Therefore, in March, 1979 work experience, income, and migration data were collected using the "traditional" procedures in 5 rotation groups and using the "revised" procedures in 3 rotations.

An analysis of the data from the March 1979 CPS indicated that the new approach brought about some improvements in income reporting. Hence, a modified version of the experimental questionnaire which was tested on three-eighths of the March 1979 sample was used for the full sample in March 1980.

A detailed discussion of the experiment and an analysis of its impact on the estimates can be found in Current Population Reports, Series P-60, Nos. 123 and 124.

APPENDIX A1

INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION
(3-digit)
(Numbers in parentheses are the SIC
code equivalents)

Census
Code

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHERIES

- 017 Agricultural production (01)
- 018 Agricultural services, exc. horticultural (07
except 0713 and 073)
- 019 Horticultural services (073)
- 027 Forestry (08)
- 028 Fisheries (09)

MINING

- 047 Metal mining (10)
- 048 Coal mining (11, 12)
- 049 Crude petroleum and natural gas extractions (13)
- 057 Nonmetallic mining and quarrying, exc. fuel (14)

CONSTRUCTION

- 067 General building contractors (15)
- 068 General contractors, exc. building (16)
- 069 Special trade contractors (17)
- 077 Not specified construction

MANUFACTURING

Durable goods

- Lumber and wood products, exc. furniture
 - 107 Logging (241)
 - 108 Sawmills, planing mills, and mill work (242, 243)
 - 109 Miscellaneous wood products (244, 249)
- 118 Furniture and fixtures (25)
- Stone, clay, and glass products
 - 119 Glass and glass products (321-323)
 - 127 Cement, concrete, gypsum, and plaster products (324, 327)
 - 128 Structural clay products (325)
 - 137 Pottery and related products (326)
 - 138 Miscellaneous nonmetallic mineral and stone
products (328, 329)

- Metal industries
 - 139 Blast furnaces, steel works, rolling and finishing mills (3312, 3313)
 - 147 Other primary iron and steel industries (3315-3317, 332, 3391, part 3399)
 - 148 Primary aluminum industries (3334, part 334, 3352, 3361, part 3392, part 3399)
 - 149 Other primary nonferrous industries (3331-333, 3339, part 334, 3351, 3356, 3357, 3362, 3369, part 3392, part 3399)
 - 157 Cutlery, hand tools, and other hardware (342)
 - 158 Fabricated structural metal products (344)
 - 159 Screw machine products (345)
 - 167 Metal stamping (346)
 - 168 Miscellaneous fabricated metal products (341, 343, 347, 348, 349)
 - 169 Not specified metal industries
- Machinery, except electrical
 - 177 Engines and turbines (351)
 - 178 Farm machinery and equipment (352)
 - 179 Construction and material handling machines (353)
 - 187 Metalworking machinery (354)
 - 188 Office and accounting machines (357 exc. 3573)
 - 189 Electronic computing equipment (3573)
 - 197 Machinery, exc. electrical, n.e.c. (355, 356, 358, 359)
 - 198 Not specified machinery
- Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies
 - 199 Household appliances (363)
 - 207 Radio, T.V., and communication equipment (365, 366)
 - 208 Electrical machine, equipment, and supplies, n.e.c. (361, 362, 364, 367, 369)
 - 209 Not specified electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies
- Transportation equipment
 - 219 Motor vehicles and motor vehicle equipment (371)
 - 227 Aircraft and parts (372)
 - 228 Ship and boat building and repairing (373)
 - 229 Railroad locomotives and equipment (374)
 - 237 Mobile dwellings and campers (3791)
 - 238 Cycles and miscellaneous transportation equipment (375, 3799)
- Professional and photographic equipment, and watches
 - 239 Scientific and controlling instruments (381, 382)
 - 247 Optical and health services supplies (383, 384, 385)
 - 248 Photographic equipment and supplies (386)
 - 249 Watches, clocks, and clock-work-operated devices (387)
 - 257 Not specified professional equipment
- 258 Ordnance (19)
- 259 Miscellaneous manufacturing industries (39)

Nondurable goods

Food and kindred products

- 268 Meat products (201)
- 269 Dairy products (202)
- 278 Canning and preserving fruits, vegetables,
and sea foods (203)
- 279 Grain-mill products (204, 0713)
- 287 Bakery products (205)
- 288 Confectionery and related products (207)
- 289 Beverage industries (208)
- 297 Miscellaneous food preparation and kindred
products (206, 209)
- 298 Not specified food industries
- 299 Tobacco manufactures (21)
- Textile mill products
- 307 Knitting mills (225)
- 308 Dyeing and finishing textiles, exc. wool and
knit goods (226)
- 309 Floor coverings, exc. hard surface (227)
- 317 Yarn, thread, and fabric mills (221-224, 228)
- 318 Miscellaneous textile mill products (229)
- Apparel and other fabricated textile products
- 319 Apparel and accessories (231-238)
- 327 Miscellaneous fabricated textile products (239)
- Paper and allied products
- 328 Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills (261-263, 266)
- 329 Miscellaneous paper and pulp products (264)
- 337 Paperboard containers and boxes (265)
- Printing, publishing, and allied industries
- 338 Newspaper publishing and printing (271)
- 339 Printing, publishing, and allied industries,
except newspapers (272-279)
- Chemicals and allied products
- 347 Industrial chemicals (281)
- 348 Plastics, synthetics and resins, exc. fibers
(282, exc. 2823 and 2824)
- 349 Synthetic fibers (2823, 2824)
- 357 Drugs and medicines (283)
- 358 Soaps and cosmetics (284)
- 359 Paints, varnishes, and related products (285)
- 367 Agricultural chemicals (287)
- 368 Miscellaneous chemicals (286, 289)
- 369 Not specified chemicals and allied products
- Petroleum and coal products
- 377 Petroleum refining (291)
- 378 Miscellaneous petroleum and coal products (295, 299)
- Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products
- 379 Rubber products (301-303, 306)
- 387 Miscellaneous plastic products (307)
- Leather and leather products
- 388 Tanned, curried, and finished leather (311)
- 389 Footwear, except rubber (313, 314)
- 397 Leather products, exc. footwear (312, 315-317, 319)
- 398 Not specified manufacturing industries

TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATIONS, AND
OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES

Transportation

- 407 Railroads and railway express service (40)
- 408 Street railways and bus lines (411, 413-415, 417)
- 409 Taxicab service (412)
- 417 Trucking service (421, 423)
- 418 Warehousing and storage (422)
- 419 Water transportation (44)
- 427 Air transportation (45)
- 428 Pipe lines, except natural gas (46)
- 429 Services incidental to transportation (47)

Communications

- 447 Radio broadcasting and television (483)
- 448 Telephone (wire and radio) (481)
- 449 Telegraph and miscellaneous communication services (482, 489)

Utilities and sanitary services

- 467 Electric light and power (491)
- 468 Electric-gas utilities (493)
- 469 Gas and steam supply systems (492, 496)
- 477 Water supply (494)
- 478 Sanitary services (495)
- 479 Other and not specified utilities (497)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE

Wholesale trade

- 507 Motor vehicles and equipment (501)
- 508 Drugs, chemicals, and allied products (502)
- 509 Dry goods and apparel (503)
- 527 Food and related products (504)
- 528 Farm products --raw materials (505)
- 529 Electrical goods (506)
- 537 Hardware, plumbing, and heating supplies (507)
- 538 Not specified electrical and hardware products
- 539 Machinery equipment and supplies (508)
- 557 Metals and minerals, n.e.c. (5091)
- 558 Petroleum products (5092)
- 559 Scrap and waste materials (5093)
- 567 Alcoholic beverages (5095)

- 568 Paper and its products (5096)
- 569 Lumber and construction materials (5098)
- 587 Wholesalers, n.e.c. (5094, 5097, 5099)
- 588 Not specified wholesale trade

Retail trade

- 607 Lumber and building material retailing (521-524)
- 608 Hardware and farm equipment stores (525)
- 609 Department and mail order establishments (531, 532)
- 617 Limited price variety stores (533)
- 618 Vending machine operators (534)
- 619 Direct selling establishments (535)
- 627 Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (539)
- 628 Grocery stores (541)
- 629 Dairy products stores (545)
- 637 Retail bakeries (546)
- 638 Food stores, n.e.c. (542-544, 549)
- 639 Motor vehicle dealers (551, 552)
- 647 Tire, battery, and accessory dealers (553)
- 648 Gasoline service stations (554)
- 649 Miscellaneous vehicle dealers (559)
- 657 Apparel and accessories stores, exc shoe stores
(56 exc. 566)
- 658 Shoe stores (566)
- 667 Furniture and home furnishings stores (571)
- 668 Household appliances, TV, and radio stores
(572, 573)
- 669 Eating and drinking places (58)
- 677 Drug stores (591)
- 678 Liquor stores (592)
- 679 Farm and garden supply stores (596)
- 687 Jewelry stores (597)
- 688 Fuel and ice dealers (598)
- 689 Retail florists (5992)
- 697 Miscellaneous retail stores (593-595, 599
exc. 5992)
- 698 Not specified retail trade

FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE

- 707 Banking (60)
- 708 Credit agencies (61)
- 709 Security, commodity brokerage, and investment
companies (62, 67)
- 717 Insurance (63, 64)
- 718 Real estate, incl. real estate-insurance-law
offices (65, 66)

BUSINESS AND REPAIR SERVICES

- 859 Libraries (823)
- 867 Educational services, n.e.c. (824, 829)
- 868 Not specified educational services
- 869 Museums, art galleries, and zoos (84)
- 877 Religious organizations (866)
- 878 Welfare services (part 867)
- 879 Residential welfare facilities (part 867)
- 887 Nonprofit membership organizations (861-865,
869)
- 888 Engineering and architectural services (891)
- 889 Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services (893)
- 897 Miscellaneous professional and related services
(892, 899)

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

- 907 Postal service (part 9190)
- 917 Federal public administration (part 9190, 9490)
- 927 State public administration (9290)
- 937 Local public administration (9390)

Trade		(507-698)
Wholesale	32	507-588
Retail		(607-698)
Eating and drinking places	33	669
Other retail	34	607-668, 677-698
Finance, insurance, and real estate		(707-718)
Banking and other finance	35	707-709
Insurance and real estate	36	717-718
Private Household service	37	769
Miscellaneous services		(727-759)
Business and repair		
Business	38	727-748
Repair	39	749-759
Personal services, except private household	40	777-798
Entertainment and recreation	41	807-809
Professional services		
Medical, except hospitals	42	828-837, 839-848
Hospitals	43	838
Welfare and religious	44	877-879
Educational	45	857-868
Other professional	46	849, 869, 887-897
Forestry and fisheries	47	027, 028
Public administration		(907-937)
Postal	48	907
Other federal	49	917
State	50	927
Local	51	937

APPENDIX A3

Major Industry Recode (01-20)

<u>1970 Major Industry (1)</u>	<u>Recodes</u>	<u>IND</u>
(Excludes Agriculture and Private Household)	00	
Mining	01	047-057
Construction	02	067-077
Manufacturing		(107-398)
Durable goods	03	107-259
Nondurable goods	04	268-398
Transportation and public utilities		(407-479)
Railroads and railway express	05	407
Other transportation	06	408-429
Other utilities	07	447-479
Wholesale and retail trade		(507-698)
Wholesale trade	08	507-588
Retail trade	09	607-698
Finance, insurance, and real estate	10	707-718
Miscellaneous service		
Business and repair	11	727-759
Personal, except private household	12	777-798
Entertainment and recreation	13	807-809
Medical, except hospitals	14	828-837, 839-848
Hospitals	15	838
Welfare and religious	16	877-879
Education	17	857-868
Other professional services	18	849, 869, 887-897
Forestry and fisheries	19	027, 028
Public administration	20	907-937

1976 variables
Random Cluster Code (H35-39)
Segment Numbers (H40-43)
Serial Numbers (H44-45)

1976-77 1976 variables are located as above.
Those variables are combined into a single
variable in the 1977 file.
Household Identification Number (H18-29)
1977-78 Household Identification Numbers (H18-29)
78-79

3. Matching Households, Families, and Persons

The information presented above will allow the match of housing units across years; however, it is possible that the residents of the housing unit will change. Consequently, it is necessary to perform additional matches to assure resident comparability. The specific variables used to match residents will vary according to the needs of the substantive project; however, it is more efficient to arrange the matching in a hierarchical sequence. For example, matching on sex and race should proceed matching on age or household relationship. However, the user should carefully work through the possible changes in household structure that might result in an inappropriate rejection of a household. For example, a husband-wife family in year t which experienced a divorce and became a female headed household in year $t+1$ would fail the test for matching on sex of head. And, of course, a marriage could produce the similar situation of a match failure. Clearly, the more criteria used in matching records, the greater the accuracy, but also the greater the expense and fewer matches.

APPENDIX E

Definitions for Noncash Income

Food Stamps

The Food Stamp Act of 1977 defines this Federally-funded program as one intended to "permit low-income households to obtain a more nutritious diet."^{1/} Food purchasing power is increased by providing eligible households with coupons which can be used to purchase food. The Food and Nutrition Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) administers the Food Stamp Program through State and local welfare offices. The Food Stamp Program is the major national income support program which provides benefits to all low-income and low-resource households regardless of household characteristics (e.g., sex, age, disability, etc.). The questions on participation in the Food Stamp Program in the March 1980 CPS were designed to identify households in which one or more of the current members received food stamps during 1979. Once a food stamp household was identified, a question was asked to determine the number of current household members covered by food stamps during 1979. Questions were also asked about the number of months food stamps were received during 1979 and the total face value of all food stamps received during that period.

^{1/} From title XIII of P.L. 95-113, The Food Stamp Act of 1977, declaration of policy.

price.^{3/} The data in this report, however, do not distinguish between reciprocity of free and reduced-price school lunches.

The questions on the March 1980 CPS provide a very limited amount of data for the school lunch program. Questions concerning the school lunch program were designed to identify the number of members 5 to 18 years old in households who "usually" ate a hot lunch. This defined the universe of household members usually receiving this noncash benefit. This was followed by a question to identify the number of members receiving free or reduced price lunches.

^{3/} Congressional Budget Office report entitled, "Feeding Children: Federal Child Nutrition Policy in the 1980's", May 1980, page 21.

reduction program (e.g., Section 236) the amount of interest paid on the mortgage by the owner is reduced so that subsequent savings can be passed along to low-income tenants in the form of lower rent charges.

There were two questions dealing with public and low cost housing on the March 1980 CPS supplement questionnaire. The first question identified residence in a housing unit owned by a public agency. The second question identified beneficiaries who were not living in public housing projects, but who were paying lower rent due to a government subsidy. These questions differed from other questions covering noncash benefits in that they established current reciprocity status (as of the third week in March 1980) rather than reciprocity status during 1979. No information on Federally subsidized home ownership (e.g., Section 235) or subsidized mortgage interest guarantees (e.g., FHA and VA) was collected.

Medicare

The Medicare Program consists of two separate but complementary health plans to provide adequate medical care for the aged and disabled. The Basic Hospital Insurance Plan (Part A) "is designed to provide basic protection against the costs of hospital and related post-hospital services."^{5/} This plan also covers many persons under 65 years old who receive Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits based on long-term disability. Part A is financed jointly by employers and employees through Social Security payroll deductions. Qualified persons 65 years old and over who are not otherwise eligible for Part A benefits may pay premiums directly to obtain this coverage. The Medical Insurance Plan (Part B) is a voluntary plan which builds upon the hospital insurance protection provided by the basic plan. It provides insurance protection covering physicians' and surgeons' services and a variety of medical and other health services received either in hospitals or on an ambulatory basis. It is financed through monthly premium payments (about \$8.50 per month in 1979) by each enrollee, and subsidized by Federal general revenue funds.

The Medicare question on the March 1980 CPS attempted to identify all persons 15 years old and over who were "covered" by Medicare at any time during 1979. The term "covered" means enrolled in the Medicare Program. In order to be counted, the person did not necessarily have to receive medical care paid for by Medicare.

^{5/} As specified in Section 1811 of title XVIII of the 1965 Amendments to PL 89-97, The Social Security Act, "Health Insurance for the Aged."

Medicaid

The Medicaid Program is designed "to furnish medical assistance on behalf of needy families with dependent children, and of aged, blind, or permanently and totally disabled individuals whose incomes and resources are insufficient to meet the costs of necessary medical services."^{6/} The program is administered by State agencies through grants from the Health Care Financing Administration of the Department of Health and Human Services. Funding for medical assistance payments consists of a combination of Federal, State, and in some cases, local funds,

Medicaid is for the most part a categorical program with complex eligibility rules which vary from State to State. There are two basic groups of eligible individuals: the categorically eligible and the medically needy. The major categorically eligible groups are all Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) recipients and most Supplemental Security Income (SSI) recipients. Other categorically eligible groups are (1) those who meet basic State cash assistance eligibility rules--aged, blind, disabled, needy single parents with children, and, in some States, needy unemployed parents with children, but who are not currently receiving money payments; and (2) needy persons who meet categorical eligibility standards but are institutionalized for medical reasons (e.g., low-income elderly persons in nursing homes). However, such institutionalized persons are not included in the CPS universe and, therefore, are not reflected in these statistics.

^{6/} From title XIX of the 1965 Amendments to P.L. 89-97, The Social Security Act, "Grants to States for Medical Assistance Programs," declaration of policy.

In roughly one-half of the States, coverage is extended to the medically needy--persons meeting categorical age, sex, or disability criteria, whose money incomes and assets exceed eligibility levels for cash assistance but are not sufficient to meet the cost of medical care. In such States, qualifying income and asset levels are usually above those set for cash assistance. Families with large medical expenses relative to their incomes and assets may also meet medically needy eligibility standards in these States.

The Medicaid question on the March 1980 CPS attempted to identify all persons who were "covered" by Medicaid at any time during 1979. The term "covered" means enrolled in the Medicaid program, i.e., had a Medicaid medical assistance card, or incurred medical bills which were paid for by Medicaid. In order to be counted, the person did not have to receive medical care paid for by Medicaid.

After data collection and creation of an initial microdata file, further refinements were made to assign Medicaid coverage to children. In this procedure all children under 21 years old in families were assumed to be covered by Medicaid if either the householder or spouse reported being covered by Medicaid (this procedure was required mainly because the Medicaid coverage question was asked only for persons 15 years old and over). All adult AFDC recipients and their children, and SSI recipients living in States which legally require Medicaid coverage of all SSI recipients, were also assigned coverage.

Employer-Provided Noncash Benefits: Pension Plans and Group Health

Insurance Coverage

The March 1980 CPS collected a limited amount of information on employer and union-provided group health insurance and pension plan coverage for civilian persons 15 years old and over who worked during 1979. These workers were asked about their participation in pension and group health insurance plans provided by employers or unions. Workers who participated in group health insurance plans were asked whether or not their employer or union helped pay for part (or all) of the health insurance premium. This report assumes that all workers covered by pension plans were receiving a subsidy from their employer.

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APPENDIX F

Source and Reliability Statement

This information will be available at a later date.